THE WEATHER.

Local rains Saturday, except fair near the coast. Sunday fair, colder west portion.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

ADVERTISING moves in a mysterious way its wonders to perform. There was a man in Kansas who advertised to get out of jail. And he did.

VOL. XCVII—NO. 120 WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,451

REBEL LEADERS HAD DECIDED UPON PLOT TO KILL AMERICANS

Mexican Revolutionaries Held Formal Convention Some Time in November

TO DESTROY PROPERTY

Recent Massacre is Believed to Have Been Part of the Conspiracy.

Movement to Start New Revolution is Reported.

DENIAL MADE OF THE CAPTURE OF GEN. VILLA

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 21.—Denial from Carranza official sources that Francisco Villa had been captured, as reported from Chihuahua, was supplemented today by statements from Villa partisans here, alleged to be based on reliable information, that he and several hundred followers were safe in the Tarahunare mountains west of Guerrero.

Pearson, Chihuahua, Jan. 21.—Francisco Villa, according to military reports, was at El Ruca, 13 miles from here and surrounded by Carranza troops. His capture was expected at any moment, military officials declared.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Death to Americans in Mexico and destruction of their property as well as war to a finish against Carranza, was determined upon, it became known here tonight, at a formal convention of Mexican revolutionary leaders held in November at a ranch near Cordoba. Those present and joining in the agreement are said to have been representatives of Villa, Zapata, Argumendo, Higinio Aguilar, the Cedillo brothers and many lesser chieftains.

Meagre reports of this gathering came to the State Department long ago but they were not made public until tonight and few people knew that there was a general conspiracy against Americans or even that the various rebel factions in the field in Mexico had effected any kind of an agreemnet for concerted activities against the de facto government.

The recent massacre at Santa Ysabel attributed to bandits led by Villa officers is believed to have been perpetrated in accordance with the rebel convention order. Officials think the long period elapsed after the Cordoba meeting before the murders because of the time required by the various delegates to make reports to the various commanders and the fact that the convention's decision had to be carried to subordinate commanders.

Cordoba is on the railroad between Vera Cruz and Mexico City and some one thousand miles from Santa Ysabel.

Carranza Authorities Advised.

The Carranza authorities have been fully advised concerning the movements of the rebels and have been depended upon by The Washington government to take every possible precaution to prevent the threats against Americans from being carried out. They are believed to have the situation fairly well in hand now, although the chiefs who met at Cordoba still are in the field operating more or less openly.

Soon after Carranza was recognized, the State Department withdrew its consular officers from Northern Mexico and reiterated its warning to Americans to leave. Only by getting citizens of the United States away from the territory not fully controlled by the de facto government ,it was realized, could there be any real assurance of safety.

Few details of the Cordoba convention are known, but according to the reports it lasted for several days and some of the earlier arrivals waited probably weeks for all the delegates to appear. Apparently the call for the meeting was sent out as soon as it became certain the United States was about to recognize Carranza, although it was a month after recognition actually had been accorded before the delegates got together. At that time large forces of Villa and Zapata forces were operating in the neighborhood of the railroads near Mexico City, and it was possible for the convention to assemble and do its work with comparative safety from interruption.

To Start Another Revolution?

Whether there is any great probablity of continued concert of action among the factions fighting Carranza officials here do not profess to know. Some information has reached here to indicate that money may be forthcoming to finance a revolution on a considerable scale with the hope of enlisting the support of all rebels, but officials said tonight there were no reports to show that such a movement actually was under way.

Advices to the State Department from El Paso today told of the reported capture near Chihuahua of eighteen bandits alleged to have taken part in the Santa Ysabel murders and said they were to have been executed today. No confirmation of the report that Villa himself had been taken was

(Continued on Page Two.)

LIVES ENDANGERED BY RISING WATERS

Hundreds of Homes Marooned in Northern Illinois.

MUCH DAMAGE DONE

Section Faces Worst Flood Conditions of a Decade—Boats and Rafts Take Place of Vehicles in Many of the Towns.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Northern Illinois tonight faced the worst flood conditions of a decade. Small streams had become torrents and larger rivers inundated thousands of acres, marooned hundreds of homes, and did damage estimated at many hundred thousand dollars. The Des Plaines river inundated Rockdale to a depth of six feet and flooded the lower section of Joliet. Whole sections of Aurora were flooded.

The Rock river and its confluents, the Pecatonica and Sugar rivers, threatened the destruction of interurban and steam railroad bridges. Boats and rafts took the place of wagons and automobiles in many towns and cities. No loss of life was reported.

Floods which spread over parts of the two northern tiers of counties were subsiding tonight with the cessation of the rainstorm. The damage, considering the area covered by the waters was comparatively slight.

FAMILIES DRIVEN OUT

Hundreds Forced to Abandon Homes—Many Bridges Destroyed.

Ottawa, Ill., Jan. 21.—Hundreds of families have been driven from their homes; many bridges have been destroyed and a number of factories are closed as the result of a flood which is sweeping through the Illinois and Fox river valleys.

50 PASSENGERS MAROONED

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Train Reported Waterbound.

Peoria, Jan. 21.—Fifty passengers on a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy train were reported marooned 15 miles were of here today.

San Diego, Cal., Jan. 21.—The United States submarine H-3 fouled a mud bank in the harbor here today today while rising to the surface after a run under water, and despite the efforts of steamers summoned to the scene was left high and dry when the tide went out.

WILL SPEAK IN SEVEN CITIES IN MIDDLEWEST

President Wilson Approves Plans for First Trip.

May Discuss Foreign Policy in Connection With Defense Plans. To Stop in North Carolina on Second Speaking Tour.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Final plans for President Wilson's forthcoming trip through the Middle Western States to speak on national preparedness, approved tonight, include stops at Pittsburg, Cleveland, Milwaukee, Chicago, Des Moines, Topeka and Kansas City. A tentative itinerary drawn up last night included St. Louis, St. Joseph and Davenport, but these cities have been eliminated and Milwaukee and Topeka substituted.

The President and Mrs. Wilson left Washington tonight on the naval yacht Mayflower for a two day cruise down the Potomac river and Chesapeake Bay, the President having decided to seek seclusion for the preparation of an address he will deliver January 27 in New York before a banquet of the Railroad Business Association, and to outline the speeches he will make in the Middle West.

On the Middle Western trip the President will leave Washington January 28 and will return February 4. In addition to formal addresses the President is expected to speak briefly at several cities and towns through which he will pass.

The national defense plans of the administration will be the President's principle topic, but he probably will take up other subjects, including the European and Mexican situations. The President sent to the War and Navy departments today for information concerning the Army and Navy to be used in the preparation of his speeches. If present plans are carried out no members of the cabinet will accompany the President.

On the President's second trip about the middle of February in addition to going as far west as Denver, he is expected to visit several Southern cities, including probably Birmingham and at least one point in North Carolina.

SULTANABAD TAKEN BY RUSSIAN FORCES

Halt in Attacks Against the Austro-Hungarians.

CASUALTIES ARE HEAVY

British Take More Towns From Germans in Kamerun District of Africa—Fighting Light in the Western Theatre.

The cessation by reason of heavy casualties of the Russian attacks against the Austro-Hungarians near the Bessarabian frontier, the capture by the Russians from the Turks of the town of Sultanabad, Persia, and the taking from the Germans by the British of addditional towns in the Kamerun district of Africa, are the principal features of the fighting contained in the latest official communications. There also have been small engagements in Russia, around Pinsk and in the region of Czartorysk; artillery and mining operations along the front in France and Belgium, and a continuation of the artillery duels and occasional infantry attacks, in the Austro-Italian theatre. In none of these, however, have any great results been attained.

It has been reported that the Austro-Hungarians and Montenegrins again are at grips, but no details have yet come through as to the progress of the fighting. It is presumed, however, that the Austrians will continue to press the Montenegrins toward the Albanian frontier and try to capture Montenegro's principal seaport, Antivari. A Rome dispatch says that Albanian troops under Essad Pasha, provisional president of Albania, have arrived at Scutari to join the Montenegrin troops retiring on that Albanian city. The Entente Powers, acting on the request of the United States government, will release the consular representatives of the Teutonic and their allies, arrested recently at Saloniki.

To hasten the manufacture of munitions, the British government will place semi-skilled, unskilled and women laborers with skilled laborers in factories under the control of the government. Premier asquith has announced that the trades union which had previously objected to this plan were now supporters of it.

In order to prevent the Central Powers from importing wheat from Rumania, an Anglo-French corporation has been formed to buy all the available grain in that country.

FOR LABOR DILUTION.

British Government Determined to Speed Up Supply of Munitions.

London, Jan. 21.—The urgent necessity of speeding up the supply of munitions has determined the government to put into force immediately plans for the dilution of skilled labor with semi-skilled, unskilled and female

(Continued on Page Two)

BODIES OF FIVE DEAD NEGROES TAKEN DOWN

Were Lynched Thursday Night by Georgia Mob.

Had Been Arrested as Suspects in Murder of Sheriff—Another Negro Believed to Be Actual Murderer Taken to Safety.

Sylvester, Ga., Jan. 21.—The bodies of five negroes, taken from the Worth county jail here last night and rushed in automobiles to the adjoining county of Lee, where they were hanged and shot, were cut down late today, and preparations made to bury them tomorrow. A coroner's inquest today returned a verdict that the negroes came to their death by strangulation and gunshot wounds at the hands of unknown parties.

There had been no arrests tonight in connection with the lynching, and what steps authorities may be taking to apprehend the lynchers are not known here. The men who took the negroes from jail last last night after gaining admission to the jail on pretense that they wanted to put a negro in a cell for safe keeping, apparently had laid their plans so carefully, and carried them out so well that they left no open trail behind them.

The negroes lynched had been brought here for safe keeping after being arrested as suspects in connection with the killing of Sheriff Moreland, of Lee county. They were Rodius Semore, Felix Lake, and Lake's three sons, Frank, Dewey and Major. James Keith, another negro, arrested and said here to be suspected of the actual killing of Sheriff Moreland, had been taken to another jail before the mob arrived last night. Sheriff L. A. Potts, of this county, has refused to tell where he sent Keith.

Reports circulated here tonight reached county officials that Felix and his sons before being placed in jail here had confessed to being connected with the shooting of Sheriff Moreland.

A negro the mob picked up supposedly near here, and carried bound to the jail in order to gain admittance, disappeared in the confusion last night and has not been seen here since. No

(Continued on Page Eight.)

WILSON MAY VISIT WILMINGTON SOON

Considered Certain He Will Stop in North Carolina.

MR. CARR OPPOSES BILL

Appears Before Immigration Committee to Protest Against Burnett Measure—Wilmington Boy Honored.

(Special Star Telegram).

Washington, Jan. 21. — President Wilson informed Senators Simmons and Overman today that he would not be able to visit North Carolina on his first swing around the circuit, which begins some time next week, but that he will make another trip shortly after he returns and expects to visit at least two North Carolina cities. Greensboro is certainly to be included in his Southern itinerary, it is understand, and he will stop also probably at Raleigh and Wilmington.

Representative Godwin stated today that it would be a very fine thing for the President to visit Wilmington where he spent part of his boyhood days and deliver a speech as President of the United States. Mr. Godwin does not care what the President speaks about; he is only interested in having him visit the State and especially Wilmington.

There are others in the delegation, however, who do not look with favor upon the proposed visit of the President to the State to make a "preparedness" speech and if he goes he will do so without being asked by quite a few of the State's congressmen who are opposed to Mr. Wilson's "preparedness" programme.

J. A. Park, president of the Raleigh chamber of commerce, yesterday wired both Senators Overman and Simmons and all the delegation in the House to aid in getting President Wilson to accept an invitation to speak in Raleigh on his preparedness programme. It is understood that Mr. Park has been told by some members their position and it is hoped that their explanation will be satisfactory.

Mr. Carr Protests.

M. F. H. Gouverneur, member of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, and J. O. Carr, both of Wilmington, were here today. Mr. Carr appeared before the House immigration committee to protest against the Burnett immigration bill which will be reported to the House within a few days. Mr. Carr fears the passage of the bill would interfere with a good class of farmer immigrants going into the South.

Members of Congress and United States senators are receiving letters from all over the South urging them to vote for the Burnett immigration bill. The measure was passed by the last Congress but was vetoed by President Wilson because of the "illiteracy test" clause. An attempt will be made by the present Congress to pass the bill over the President's veto should he refuse to sign the measure after it is passed.

Congressman George E. Hood, of the third North Carolina congressional district, has received several letters and telegrams urging him to vote against the bill. Hugh MacRae, of Wilmington, wrote Mr. Hood last week urging him to vote against the bill. Mr. MacRae's letter in part says:

"The counties which you represent—Craven, Carteret, Duplin, Jones, Onslow, Pamlico, Pender, Sampson and Wayne—are an empire in themselves, if developed; but they can not be developed withing bringing in new population. Secretary Houston once told me that he was convinced, and had been convinced for years, that there was no other way to develop the South."

In reply Mr. Hood tells Mr. MacRae that he thinks he overestimates the result of the Burnett bill in case it passes.

"If there are any special objections," Mr. Hood says, "I would be glad to have you point them out, but as the bill now stands, I do not see any harm in it.

"I recognize the fact that the dis-

(Continued on Page Eight).

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Not in session; meets Monday.

HOUSE

Met at noon.

Military and Naval affairs committees continued hearings on the national defense. Hearings on literacy test of immigration bill closed.

Bill to provide $250,000 for a national leprosarium favorably reported by Commerce committee.

Urgent deficiency bill carrying appropriations approximating $12,500,000 passed.

General debate on the Shackleford federal post roads bill resumed.

Committee on Insular Affairs began consideration of the Philippine measure.

Comptroller Williams urged rules committee to report promptly for passage resolution for investigation of usurious interest charges by national banks.

Adjourned at 5:30 until noon Saturday.

MISSOURI WON'T HAVE REPUDIATED N. C. BONDS

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 21.—That Missouri state authorities have refused to accept a gift of old repudiated North Carolina Reconstruction bonds, offered with a view to getting that state to sue North Carolina for their recovery, was the official information that came to Governor Craig this afternoon. The Governor brands this as another futile effort of "Adventurers" to get a standing in court for these bonds "tainted by manner of fraud and corruption."

Red Cross Romance Ends in Balkan Tragedy

Miss Stefanie Hampl.

Dr. John Kara.

Dr. John Kara, of Chicago, joined the Red Cross for work in Serbia, and he sailed in the same party that took Stefanie Hampl from New York as a nurse. On the boat over they became engaged, but were parted when they reached the war zone. They wrote home that they would when when they finished their war work. But the doctor early became a victim of Serbian typhus, which carried off hundreds of thousands. Miss Hampl went on with her work to forget. Just the other day she boarded the Italian steamship Brindisi from Albania. It was blown up when it struck a mine. Her body was recovered and was buried in Albania.

AUSTRIA DISCLAIMS ATTACK ON PERSIA

Probably Will be No Diplomatic Controversy

OTHER PROOF LACKING

Affidavits of Survivors Do Not Satisfy State Department Just How Ship Was Sunk—Theory of Internal Explosion.

Vienna, via London, Jan. 32. — The government has informed Frederick C. Penfield, the United States ambassador, that no Austro-Hungarian submarine was concerned in the sinking of the Peninsula and Oriental line steamer Persia.

MAY DROP MATTER

United States and Austria May Not Enter Into Diplomatic Contraversy

Washington, Jan. 21. — Austria's statement that no Austrian submarine was concerned in the sinking of the liner Persia probably means that there will be no diplomatic controversy between the Teutonic powers and the United States over that tragedy in which at least two American lives were lost. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has informed the State Department that no German submarine had reported attacking the vessel.

Officials of the State Department have made it plain that affidavits of survivors of the Persia failed to prove conclusively how the ship was destroyed. She went down within five minutes after a terrific explosion forward, but no submarine was seen and the only testimony indicating an attack was to the effect that the wake of a torpedo was seen just before the explosion.

Some officials think there is ground for the belief that an internal explosion sent the liner to the bottom. Others think she may have struck a mine.

The sinking of the Persia when there appeared to be no doubt that she had been attacked without warning by a Teutonic submarine, coming immediately after Austria had cleared up a crisis by promising satisfaction for the destruction of the Ancona, precipitated a situation which few persons here believed could result otherwise than in a break in diplomatic relations.

INVITES WILSON TO SPEAK

South Carolina Assembly Asks Him to Make Address on Preparedness.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 21.—The legislature today asked President Wilson to come here and address the body on preparedness. An effort to include William Jennings Bryan in the invitation was unsuccessful.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Comptroller Williams told the House Rules committee today of plans for his campaign on national banks which he says charge usurious interest—some of them as great as forty per cent. He urged a favorable report on representative Howard's resolution for congressional investigation of the subject.

CONTINENTAL ARMY PLAN IS APPROVED

Would Save Much Time in the Emergency of War.

BEST AVAILABLE PLAN

Generals Scott and Bliss Give Their Unqualified Support—Think Country Would Not Tolerate Universal Service Now.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Unqualified support was given Secretary Garrison's continental army plan before the Senate military committee today by Major General Scott and Major General Bliss, respectively chief and assistant chief of staff of the army. Both amplified statements made last week before the House committee.

General Scott declared the plan would save at least five months' time in the building up of an army of defense in a war emergency. He advocated immediate organization of a reserve corps of officers actually commissioned and assigned to the posts they would take in time of war.

General Scott also urged that a quartermaster's reserve corps of enlisted men be formed to include mechanics of all kinds, telegraphers, radio operators, motor vehicle drivers and experts, teamsters, railway men and the like.

Both generals expressed the opinion that universal military service was the only "ideal democratic" method of building an army, but thought the country would not tolerate the proposal now. General Bliss said that on this account it was only talked of by army officers as an academic question.

General Bliss said the War Department army bill was the only one which appeared satisfactory or to contemplate a definite policy. The war college division of the general staff, he said, has fixed 500,000 men, more or less trained, as the irreducible minimum necessary for the country's safety in the first shock of war.

The proposal to increase the regular army to 250,000 as suggested in Senator Chamberlain's tentative bill, he said, was wholly inadequate by itself. Moreover, he added, it was impossible to recruit a larger force than 140,000 men, as proposed by Secretary Garrison for the regular army without increasing pay or otherwise giving added inducements. He disapproved short enlistments to build up a regular reserve, saying this would make it necessary to recruit 200,000 or more men annually.

General Bliss said the continental army plan contemplates 246 batteries of artillery which alone would be worth all that may be expended.

Chairman Chamberlain brought out the statement that the bill prepared by Secretary Garrison has never been submitted to the war college division of the general staff. General Scott pointed out, however, that the continental plan had been approved by the war college in its report to the Secretary.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Advantages of Mobile and New Orleans for a big naval dry dock plant were presented before the House Naval committee today by Representatives Oliver, of Alabama, and Estopinal, of Louisiana.

ATTACKS ARE MADE ON DEFENSE PLANS

By Speakers Before the National Security League.

POLICY ALSO DEFENDED

Administration Declared Without Foreign Policy and Navy Without Brains—Admiral Chester Defends President.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Attacks upon and defense of the administration's preparedness policy again today marked sessions of the National Security League. George von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy during the Roosevelt administrations; Henry A. Wise Wood, who recently resigned from the naval advisory board, and Representative J. Hampton Moore, president of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, led in the day's programme of addresses. At tonight's session, the programme included addresses by Chairman Chamberlain, of the Senate military committee, and Senator Phelan, of California, whose subject was "The Pacific Peril."

Mr. Wood arraigned the administration's conduct of foreign affairs, asserting that "we have no foreign policy at the moment." Mr. Meyer declared that the fundamental defect of the Navy Department was that it had no brain, and Mr. Moore assailed the "repeated and continued failure" of the government to heed lessons taught by other wars and develop waterways near the cast adequate for naval strategical moves which might become necessary in war time.

One administration defender was Rear Admiral Colby M. Chester, retired, who reminded the league that under the constitution the President alone was vested with authority to recommend to Congress naval and military improvements.

"If you don't like the way the President handles this problem," he said, "you have the recourse of turning him out of office; but so long as he is in office, we should remember that he represents the entire Nation and should support him in the recommendations he makes along this line." A resolution voicing the league's support of the President was introduced by Admiral Chester, but was not acted on.

Mayor Mitchell Speaks.

Mayor Mitchell, of New York, presided over the night session, and joined in the appeal for more adequate defense.

"For the greatest, as well as the most vulnerable of all our communities, the city of New York," he said, "I am here to speak tonight as its chief executive and to say as solemnly as I may that New York demands that it shall enjoy the insurance of its tranquility and safety through the immediate establishment of adequate means of effective national defense.

"The present defenseless condition of this nation has already been discussed. Our neglect has amounted to a national crime. It has brought into jeopardy our national peace.

"The fact is, as every naval and military expert knows, that if we were attacked today we could scarcely make even a decent show of resistence. Wherever the attack might be directed, our seacoast territory would have to be speedily abandoned and it is to be remembered that within the district covered by a 150 mile radius from New York city, lie practically all the munition and ordnance producing plants of the United States.

"I believe in universal male military training after the plan of Switzerland and Australia. I believe the American people must and will come to it sooner or later. I pray that they may adopt it before national disaster, not after it.

"We must teach our citizens that with civic duty goes military duty, that both are obligations on which the life of the state depends."

Senator Chamberlain Speaks.

Senator Chamberlain expressed the opinion that universal military service offered the best solution of preparedness problems, but that the programme outlined by the administration might be hammered into acceptable form.

"I am not going to discuss the navy," said Senator Chamberlain. "I want you to remember, however, that while it is conceded that our navy is deficient, it is not so much because Congress has failed to keep it up to a reasonable state of preparation, but because the other nations of the earth have outstripped America in the race that she ought to win.

"If there had been no war in Europe I should still say there is necessity for preparedness for national defense. The American brain and the American energy and the American money built a canal which absolutely changed the geography of the world. That fact alone was sufficient to compel the American patriotic citizen to have seen to it that our country, having changed the map of the world, should always be in a position where no other power on the fact of the earth could change the handwriting of America across the Isthmus of Panama.

"But that is not all. The ringing message of Monroe to the Congress of the United States in 1823 served notice upon the powers of the earth that America was to be kept intact for Americans. There was no pussy-footed diplomacy about the method.

"If we intend to do what Monroe said we ought to do, it is our duty to see to it that our country is prepared to carry out the obligations to the Central and South American republics, not so much for their protection but for the sake of redeeming pledges that have practically been in existence between the United States and these countries for nearly a hundred years.

All Europe Hates Us.

"There is not a country in Europe that feels kindly to us today and we know it. There is no use for us to try and disguise it. So don't let any of

(Continued on Page Two.)

CASHIER WOUNDED POLICEMAN KILLED

Bandit Makes Daring Hold-Up in Broad Day Light.

STEALS $900; ESCAPES

Woman Hires Taxi and the Two Are Driven to Tourist Agency on Busy Street in Chicago Where Robbery Takes Place.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—A bandit, accompanied by a woman, robbed the tourist agency of Thomas A. Cook & Son of $900 today, wounded the cashier, killed a policeman and escaped. According to the police the deed was the most daring of years in this city. It was accomplished on one of the busiest streets of the down-town district at an hour when the thoroughfare was congested with automobiles and workers on their way home.

The woman did not participate in the actual robbery. She ordered a taxicab at the Great Northern Hotel and John McCabe responded. The woman instructed him to drive to 15 East Jackson street, the Cook offices. There she waited without alighting.

Meanwhile the robber had entered the offices. The cashier, Ernest L. Walsh, attempted to reach a revolver but was shot and painfully injured and backed into the vault with four other employes.

B. A. Johnson, a traffic policeman, was attracted to the scene but found that the bandit had locked the door after entering. Johnson was trying to force an entrance when the robber suddenly threw it open and fired a bullet into the officer's heart.

The robber scattered the throng on the sidewalk and leaped toward the taxicab. Pointing his weapon toward McCabe the robber ordered him to drive away but McCabe jumped. The bandit hesitated a second and then sped up an alley. The woman followed. She gazed for a moment at the face of the dead policeman and, according to witnesses seemed about to faint but recovered and disappeared in the crowd.

McCabe was interviewed at police headquarters and allowed to return to work. The police were satisfied of his innocence.

May be Escaped Prisoner.

Many witnesses called at the detective bureau with descriptions of the fugitive. Several said they saw a remarkable resemblance between a photograph of William LaTrasse and the robber. LaTrasse was sentenced in 1913 to serve 21 years in the Kansas penitentiary for robbery. He escaped November 22nd last. He is about 35 years old.

Chief of Detectives Hunt put every available man on the case. He said he was confident LaTrasse was the man wanted.

Edward Stone, Chicago manager; F. A. Benesch, a clerk; Miss Gertrude Ploszinsky, a stenographer, and Walsh were in the office when the robber entered.

"Get out of here—get out of here quick," commanded the intruder, and all except Walsh moved toward the door to the street. Walsh reached for his weapon and was shot. The others then were backed into the vault, and Walsh, still on his feet, was shoved in after them.

The crowd attracted by the tragedy blocked all traffic on State and Jackson streets for some time. A few attempted to pursue the bandit but soon gave it up.

SULTANABAD TAKEN BY RUSSIAN FORCES

(Continued From Page One.)

workers in all controlled establishments.

In the House of Commons today Premier Asquith announced that the government was convinced that this plan offered the only prospect of securing a sufficient supply of munitions "to enable the war to be brought to a speedy and successful conclusion."

"Any lack of munitions," continued the Premier, "would exact a heavy toll in lives of soldiers. It is quite impossible that foreign supplies can take the place of the home production, but even if these sources of supply were indefinitely extended, the immense demand thereby caused upon our financial resources and our shipping would present insuperable difficulties.

Premier Asquith stated that both the owners of controlled establishments and the representatives of the great trade unions had loyally pledged themselves to support the government in the scheme of labor dilution. Considerable progress already had been made in certain districts, but he regretted that what had been accomplished fell "lamentably short of the national requirements in the present emergency."

FIXES AGE LIMIT AT 55

Austria Takes Action to Replace Territorials Sent to Front.

Berlin, Jan. 21, (by Wireless to Sayville).—The Austrian government in order to replace territorials sent to the front, according to the Overseas News Agency, has issued a decree fixing the age limit for the course of the war is 55 years. Those who are between the ages of 50 and 55 years will do service only for six weeks continuously and then only in districts outside of the war zone.

TEUTONS FACE OBSTACLES

Campaign in Egypt Made Difficult Because of Lack of Coal.

London, Jan. 21.—Germany's campaign in Egypt is meeting with obstacles, it is announced here, due to the lack of coal to operate the railroad which the Germans have constructed southward through Syria to the edge of the desert approaching the Suez canal. The absence of coal prevents the actual opening of the road to transportation.

This lack of coal has led the Germans to re-open the old Turkish mines in Syria used by the Romans, but abandoned by them a thousand years ago. A large force of Turkish laborers is working the mines.

London, Jan. 21.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Rome says a British submarine has sunk in the Upper Adriatic an Austrian hydro-aeroplane and alsoan Austrian torpedo boat which went to the rescue, capturing th crews of both craft.

ACTION OF THE ALLIES DECLARED UNJUSTIFIED

King Constantine of Greece Reiterates Position

Objects Strongly to Way They "Have Ridden Rough Shod Over Us"—Says Greece Will Show No Hostility to Entente.

London, Jan. 21.—An interview with King Constantine of Greece appears in the Daily Mail today. It is along the same lines as that given to the Associated Press by the king and reiterates the same complaints concerning the action of the Entente Allies in Greece.

When the correspondent asked King Constantine whether he would not admit justification for the recent actions of the Entente Allies, the king is quoted as having replied:

"Yes, and no. I fail to see any reason for the occupation of Corfu and Castelorizo. If you want to reform the Serbian army there are surely other places you could choose rather than violate the neutrality to which you yourselves have subscribed.

"As far as Saloniki is concerned, I as a soldier, quite understand that the presence of enemy consuls is undesirable, and under certain circumstances I appreciate the necessity for the destruction of the Demir-Hissar bridge.

"What I object to strongly is the way you have ridden rough shod over us, and treated us as if we did not exist. There seems to have been a studied attempt to do everything in an unpleasant manner. If you had notified my government of your desire to rid Saloniki of the consuls we would have advised them that we could no longer guarantee their safety and they would their archives already have been removed, their achives already have been removed, and I do not think that you will discover sufficient compromising evidence to justify the methods employed.

"I recognize also that the destruction of the bridge would become a military necessity in the event of a hostile advance from the east, but at present it is without object. The only effect is to cut our communications with the Drama and Kavala provinces. As you know, a large part of our army is mobilized and this has caused unlimited inconvenience without rendering you any concelvable service.

"We cannot do anything to demonstrate more clearly our desire to accord you every facility in our power. I therefore feel that the treatment meted us is in every way unjustifiable. I have given my personal word that we will commit no act of hostility toward the Entente Powers and I don't see that any further assurance need be demanded, as neither the government nor the army will do anything without my authority."

The correspondent says that the king is much improved in health and that the wound from the operation the king underwent come time ago is causing him no trouble.

DIPLOMATS ENTERTAINED BY PRESIDENT AND MRS. WILSON

Representatives of Allies and Neutrals Gather at White House.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Diplomats representing the Entente Allies and twenty-eight neutral nations gathered at the White House tonight for the first of two formal dinners arranged by the President and Mrs. Wilson in honor of the members of the diplomatic corps. The second dinner will be attended by the ambassador of Germany and charges d'affairs of Austria-Hungary and Turkey, the minister of Bulgaria and the neutral diplomats.

In addition to the diplomats and their wives, the guests included the Secretary of State and Mrs. Lansing, the Counselor for the State Department and Mrs. Polk, the assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Osborne; Senators Stone, of Missouri, and Southerland, of Utah, and Representatives Flood, of Virginia, and Cooper, of Wisconsin, and several personal friends of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson.

J. J. Jusserand, the French ambassador, dean of the Washington diplomatic corpse, and Mme. Jusserand occupied the seats of honor next to the President and Mrs. Wilson. The other guests were arranged around the tables in accordance with their rank.

Love is the most important question we have today. Age lessens not its value—time but enhances it.

GERMAN SPY ESCAPES

Ignatius Timothy Trebich Lincoln

Ignatius Timothy Trebich Lincoln was once a member of the British house of commons. Later he became a spy for Germany, and fled to the United States. When he told his story here he was arrested on a forgery charge. He was confined in the Raymond street jail in Brooklyn, but was taken every day by a considerate warden to another office where he could have facilities for writing a book. The other day he invited his keeper to dinner in a public restaurant. He went into the washroom and out a back door.

MEMBER ATTEMPTED TO ASSAULT COUNT OKUMA

Disorder in Japanese House of Representatives.

Climax to Campaign in Preparation for Several Months Having for its Object the Overthrow of the Aged Premier.

Tokio, Dec. 31. — (Correspondence of the Associated Press). — The increasing tendency of the Japanese house of representatives to develop disorder reached its climax on December 15 when a member of the opposition tried to assault Count Okuma, the aged premier. The diet at the time was occupied with a resolution of lack of confidence in the government which was finally defeated in the house by a majority of 90 votes.

For months the Seiyukai or opposition party had been preparing a campaign which had as its object overturning the Okuma ministry because of its failure to prosecute Viscount Oura in connection with the parliamentary bribery scandal, and for its ratification of the project to resuscitate the house of General Nogi which became extinct when the hero of Port Arthur committed harakiri on the night of the funeral of Emperor Mutsuhito.

The Japanese newspapers call the resolution introduced against the cabinet "a resolution of impeachment of the government." These motions correspond to the resolutions of lack of confidence known to the west and their acceptance usually imply in Japan that the cabinet will offer its resignation.

An impassioned debate followed the introduction of the resolution but all proceeded smoothly enough until Count Okuma himself, who had only recently left a sick-bed, mounted the tribune and with all his feeble strength in a dramatic speech defended the acts of his ministry. He said that he regretted very much the introduction of the resolution. He contended that the arguments offered by President Hara of the Seiyukai party were entirely dogmatic and sentimental. He argued that the cabinet should not be held responsible for the acts of Viscount Oura when the latter had acted indepentently of cabinet. The opposition had blamed the cabinet for remaining in office but how could it do otherwise, the premier asked, when resignation would have meant disobedience of the imperial commands. In concluding the premier declared with vehemence that the arguments of the opposition were actually trespassing on sovereign rights.

This final phrase at once roused a storm of disorder and confusion. President Shimada made fruitless efforts to restore peace. The premier tried to speak on but his words were drowned in the noise. Several members of the opposition rushed to the rostrum and one of them seemed to strike the premier with his hand. Some 30 attendants hastened to the assistance of the prime minister and the excited parliamentarians were forced back to their seats. Count Okuma was escorted to his residence.

The member who is alleged to have struck the premier denies that he assaulted Count Okuma explaining that he merely advanced his hand to keep the premier from falling. However, the disciplinary committee of the house punished the leaders of the disorder by suspending them for ten days. The majority of the newspapers express indignation. The Japan Times said: "The attack on the person of the aged premier who is, moreover, denied full freedom of his body, was an act of the most unpardonable violence and the most despicable cowardice." The press generally expresses hope that the opposition, "which has astounded the country with its reckless conduct," will return to a calmer and saner attitude.

TERMS WERE TOO HARSH

"Inside Story" of Montenegro's Negotiations With Austria.

London, Jan. 22.—The Daily Telegraph's Milan correspondent gives what he says is the inside story of Montenegro's negotiations with Austria regarding the capitulation of Montenegro.

"Since the defeat of Serbia," says the correspondent, "the court party, fearing a similar fate for Montenegro, had addressed King Nicholas to surrender as the only salvation. The King sent for General Martinovich to defend the approaches to the capital, promising to open negotiations if defense were futile. The general was unable to muster more than 1,200 men, which number was obviously insufficient.

"King Nicholas then consented to capitulation and began the parley, relying on the assurances of his advisors that Austria would treat Montenegro with the utmost generosity, even to giving concessions on the fronter in return for Mount Lovcen.

"When discussions of the actual terms were begun King Nicholas was stunned by the harshness of the Austrian demands which reduced Montenegro to a vassal of Austria. Meantime, General Martinovich, who throughout has been an opponent to capitulation, retreated to Scutaria, where he was reinforced by patriots. He is now the real leader of the country."

PLANS TO USE RAILROADS IN MOBILIZATION OF ARMY

Being Drawn by Secretary Garrison, Aided by Railroad Officials.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Comprehensive plans for use of the railroads in mobilizing the army are being drawn up by Secretary Garrison in co-operation with a committee of railroad officials headed by Fairfax Harrison, president of the Southern Railway.

Secretary Garrison announced today that the committee had been authorized by all the railroads to give him full information as to equipment and other date to supplement that already in possession of the army war college.

The work is in line with President Wilson's suggestion that full information is necesary for the mobilization of the nation's resources. Secretary Daniels and the navy advisory board have already begun collecting data on manufacturing plants. Secretary Houston has informed the President the Department of Agriculture constantly has in its possession accurate information regarding food supplies.

Firmness is mental courage; obstinacy is mental cowardice.

Imagination with ignorance is seeking to fly with clipped wings.

ATTACKS ARE MADE ON DEFENSE PLANS

(Continued From Page One.)

us fool ourselves with the idea that any of the powers of Europe feel too kindly to us to wage an aggressive war on us after the present war is over.

"So much for the European side of this. They say 'who wants to fight?' I do not know who wants to fight, but we want to be in such a position that we do not care who wants to fight.

"Now let us look over on the other side. They say we ought not to talk about these things. Why not? There is too much of a disposition nowadays to conceal the truth from the people. With that feeling in my heart and that thought in my mind, I call your attention to the Orient. On the Pacific coast, where I live, we look across the water and see a powerful, warlike people that in 50 years have developed into not only the most warlike nation on the face of the earth but the most industrious people on the face of the earth, and I glory in the magnificent progress they have made. I have not in my heart anything but the kindest of feeling toward them.

"But there are racial difference. Not hatred—God knows we don't hate them—anybody whose color is different from ours—but there are racial differences and distinctions, which will always prevent these great powers from combining socially, and presenting to the world a Mongrel race of people. She does not like us; there is no question about that. A few years ago, under a distinguished President of the United States we had the humiliating spectacle of the President of the United States begging California to admit the Japanese children to the chools of the Pacific coast, notwithstanding the fact that boys 18 or 20 years old were asked to be admitted in the schools with little girls, children 8, or 10 or 12 years of age. The California people did not submit to it. They would rather be driven into the sea, my friends, than to submit to it.

Pleads Against Criticism.

"A year ago the President was opposed to any and all preparedness. Now they are blaming him for changing his mind. My friends, there is nobody but a fool who never changes his mind. I beseech you not to criticise those who are trying to do something but to help them solve a difficult problem, because it is a difficult one.

"This continental plan of Mr. Garrison does not meet with my approval, but I do not say that I am going around and telling people that it ought not to be enacted. I believe the solution is universal military training but I know that the people have not been educated up to it yet. Until it is enacted there will be no proper reserve to draw upon in case of necessity. It may be that this continental army plan is endorsed by some of the most distinguished soldiers in the army, can be hammered into shape. It can be given a trial and if it does not work the American people will know it, and then they will be more nearly prepared to come to military training."

Senator Phelan, of California, declared he had been reliably informed that the recent presence of Japanese vessels in Mexican-Pacific waters was not to aid a stranded Japanese warship, as stated, but for the purpose of making a demonstration in anticipation of an American protest against Japan's demands on China.

Japan Is Active.

"Japan is active," Senator Phelan said. "She seeks a lodgment on the Mexican coast. It is rumored today that her troops are in that country. She has had a warship in the waters down there, presumably crippled, and has sent over a large number of her warships in order to take the crippled vessel, so-called, off, the shoals. But I have it on the best authority that the vessel was not crippled at all and that at the very time Japan was making this demand under the 12 articles against China and feared American protest—which was made. And that fleet was over here I verily believe to make a demonstration but happily for us (and America is singularly fortunate in all its affairs), other nations like England and France joined in th protest against the demands made by Japan upon China; and because our protest was so fortified that fleet withdrew from our coast.

"We were not prepared even to meet the fragment of the Japanese fleet which could have put our cities under tribute and sailed away.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, sent a letter to the league read at tonight's session in which he reiterated his recent assertion that organized labor favored an adequate national preparedness policy which would insure equal opportunity to all enlisting in the contemplated naval and military forces.

REBEL LEADERS HAD DECIDED UPON PLOT TO KILL AMERICANS

(Continued from Page One.)

received, and officials of both the department and Mexican embassy abandoned hope that this was true.

TO CHECK NEW REVOLT.

General Trevino Will Command Army of 10,000 Against Rebels.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 21.—General Jacinto Trevino, Carranza's military chief in the states of Coahuila, Duranga, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, arrived in Jiminez today en route to Torreon to take command of an army of 10,000 men being concentrated, it is said, for a campaign to kill in its inception a possible new revolt led by Francisco Villa, Benjamin Arguemedo, Contreras, and other anti-Carranza chiefs.

The leaders' partisans here declared they are to combine for a new revolution. Torreon was selected as the concentrating point for the Carranza troops.

TWENTY-THREE KILLED

Passenger Train Reported Blown up, Supposedly by Zapata Adherents.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 21.—Twenty-three persons were killed near Puebla recently when a passenger train was blown up, supposedly by Zapata adherents, according to A. J. Trumbo, wealthy mine owner of the state of Oaxacu, Mexico, who arrived here today. Only one passenger survived, it was reported. Trumbo said the train was immediately ahead of the one which was traveling from Mexico City.

"Several volleys were fired into our train," said Trumbo. With Trumbo and his wife was H. C. Tanner, of Mexico, City, who is convalescing from a bullet wound inflicted, he said, by a military officer when Tanner resented insulting references to the United States.

Trumpo reported typhus fever rampant throughout southern and central Mexico. The party had only dry tortillas to eat during during the journey and at every stop officers demanded money.

SUNDAY SERVICES

First Presbyterian church, corner Third and Orange streets, Rev. John M. Wells, D. D., pastor: Preaching b ythe pastor in the morning at 11 and in the evening at 8. Sermon subjects; Morning, "Almost Persuaded," evening, "The History of the Bible." Sunday school in the afternoon at 3:30. Christian Endeavor at 7:15. All cordially invited to this church.

Bethany Presbyterian church: Regular services tomorrow morning at 11 conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society at 7:30 p. m. Residents of the neighborhood are cordially invited to attend.

Delgado Presbyterian church: Services tomorrow afternoon at 3:30, conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 10:15. Midweek prayer service Thursday evening at 7:30. Everybody invited to the services.

Winter Park Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor: Services Sunday evening at 7:30, conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30. Midweek service Wednesday evening at 7:45. A welcome to every one who will attend the services.

Immanuel Presbyterian church, corner Front and Queen streets, Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. tomorrow. Sunday school at 3 P. M. The public is invited.

MAY ADOPT WAGE SCALE

United Mine Workers Propose Increase for Bituminous Coal Workers.

Indianapolis, Jan. 21.—The United Mine Workers' convention in session here, is expected to adopt a scale for the bituminous coal fields which will call for at least ten cents a ton increase in wages, it was said today. Leaders say also that a two-year agreement may be demanded. Anthracite miners also asking for a two-year contract. The hard coal workers are asking a twenty per cent. wage increase.

Only good wheat can produce good flour. Only the finest wheat can make the finest flour—Valier's Dainty Flour is made from the very best variety of soft winter wheat that is grown.
It is milled slowly to retain full baking quality of the flour and sifted through silk to get fineness. Sometimes it costs a trifle more by the sack, but always it costs less in use, because it makes more baking.
Valier's Romance Flour is Valier's Dainty Flour with self-rising ingredients mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder.
Mademoiselle Dainty
VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
Manufactured From SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY
The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK. DON'T STAY BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Clean Your Sluggish Liver Better Than Calomel and Can Not Salivate.

Calomel makes you sick; you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver.

If you are bilious; feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of energy, vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it will clean your sluggish liver better than nasty calomel; it won't make you sick and you can eat anything you want without being salivated. Your druggist guarantees that each spoonful will start your liver, clean your bowels and straighten you up by morning or you get your money back. Children gladly take Dodson's Liver Tone because it is pleasant tasting and doesn't gripe or cramp or make them sick.

I am selling millions of bottles of Dodson's Liver Tone to people who have found that this pleasant, vegetable, liver medicine takes the place of dangerous calomel. Buy one bottle on my sound, reliable guarantee. Ask your druggist about me.

INVENTORY SALE!

In order to Reduce our Stock before Taking Inventory, we offer our entire line of Strouse & Brothers' and B. Kuppenheimer Men's Suits and Overcoats, Single Pants, Boys' and Children's Clothing at a

REDUCTION OF 25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

As we have always done a strictly ONE-PRICE business, deviating to no one (Ministers Excepted), our prices therefore must be the lowest. Note what 25 per cent Peduction means to you in a financial way.

MEN'S SUITS OR OVERCOATS.

$28.00 Suit or Overcoat	$21.00
$27.00 Suit or Overcoat	20.25
$25.00 Suit or Overcoat	18.75
$22.00 Suit or Overcoat	16.50
$18.00 Suit or Overcoat	13.50
$16.50 Suit or Overcoat	12.38
$15.00 Suit or Overcoat	11.25
$13.50 Suit or Overcoat	10.13
$12.00 Suit or Overcoat	9.00
$10.00 Suit or Overcoat	7.50

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

$10.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	$7.50
$ 8.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	6.00
$ 7.50 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	5.62
$ 6.50 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	4.88
$ 6.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	4.50
$ 5.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	3.75
$ 4.50 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	3.38
$ 4.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	3 00
$ 3.50 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	2.63
$ 3.00 Boys' Suits or Overcoats	2.25

MEN'S PANTS.

$7.50 Men's Pants	$5.62
$6.50 Men's Pants	4.88
$6.00 Men's Pants	4.50
$5.00 Men's Pants	3.75
$4.00 Men's Pants	3.00
$3.00 Men's Pants	2.25

OUR LINE OF HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS is COMPLETE IN EVERY DETAIL.

J. M. Solky & Co.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.
No. 9 N. Front St.

Mothers can depend upon DR. BULL'S Cough Syrup FOR CROUP, MEASLES, AND WHOOPING COUGH
A FAMILY DOCTOR FOR 50 YEARS
25¢ AT DRUGGISTS
PLEASANT TO TAKE
Mrs. J. Veverka writes: "Have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup nearly 7 years in our family. It always relieves the children. (Residence, 1326 Home Ave., Oak Park, Ill.)
FREE TEST Write for trial bottle to A. C. Meyer & Co., Sta. E, Baltimore, Md. Mention paper.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN.
AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

50c—39c That's What You Save—11c
ON EVERY PURCHASE OF A BOX OF OUR SPECIAL CANDIES, TODAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AT THE SPECIAL PRICE OF 39c. SOLD ONLY AT
The Roxall Store
ELVINGTON & MINTZ

HAVEN'T YOU A HOBBY?
Most Folks Have. Ours is a "Super-Efficient, Quick-as-a-Wink Delivery System. Thirty-Six Years in the Drug Business has taught us that when YOU Want Medicine You WANT IT QUICK.
THREE REGISTERED PHARMACISTS attend to your prescription and drug wants. THINK IT OVER.
N. B.—We have a few Roman Hyacinth and Freesia Bulbs left at Reduced Prices. Better order yours Today.
Hardin's Pharmacy
ESTABLISHED 1850.
128 SO. FRONT ST. 'PHONE 55.

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!
LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"
W. B. THORPE & CO
'PHONE 789.

THEATRICAL

Another great Chaplin scream at the Grand today. Charlie Chaplin is seen at his very "worst" in "Between Showers," a thriller of the comedy kind such as you seldom see, that heads today's great bill. Charlie's always good, but sometimes better—and today is one of the latter occasions, when he's simply all over himself—and all the rest of the company.

"The Pitch o' Chance," a thrilling story of the gaming tables, in two reels, deals with the crude life of the pioneer West. This Banner Feature on the Mutual programme stars Jack Richardson, Helen Rosson, Frank Borzage and Lizette Thorne, a notable cast of big stars. The latter, as a dance hall girl, in love with "Kentucky" (Jack Richardson), gives an interesting impersonation that will please every one. It's a thriller from the very beginning and the interest is sustained till the very last flash.

George Ovey, "The funniest man on the screen" stars in a great Cub comedy feature, "Hearts and Clubs," in which Jerry assists Cupid in a thoroughly original way that is ridiculous and laughable in the extreme.

Petty Neva Gerber, with Lucile Warde and Carroll Holloway, presents

RICHARD C. TRAVERS,
Supporting Viola Allen in "The White Sister," at the Royal Today.

a single reel Beauty comedy-drama that is enjoyable in the extreme, "That Country Girl."

At the Bijou Today.

Frank Newburg, Myrtle Gonzales and a strong supporting cast, are seen at the Bijou today in a startling two-feel Laemmle dramatic masterpiece, "One Hundred Years Ago," a tense, strong and stirring human interest drama with a universal appeal in every scene. "One Hundred Years Ago" does not go back one hundred years and present a costume play, as might be imagined, but it is a modern day drama of present day characters and a modern setting and strictly up-to-date story told as only the above great Universal stars could tell it on the screen.

"Jed's Trip to the Fair" is a roaring Nestor comedy feature, with Eddie Lyons, Bettie Compson, Lee Moran and Ethel Lloyd in the principal fun-making roles.

Then there follows the current issue of the Animated Weekly, containing many great events of the world chronicled by means of the motion picture camera.

"The White Sister" Today.

"The White Sister," that stupendous six-act production at the Royal today is more than a photoplay. The genius of Viola Allen has lifted this wonderful drama, the greatest work of the master mind of F. Marion Crawford, into a thing of art, throbbing with life and action. Her mastery of expression has brought out the dramatic situations with a realism so intense that hearts throb and hands clench with a responding sympathy.

Essanay was quick to see and grasp the exceptional opportunity to reproduce this great work of fiction through the medium of one of the greatest actresses, who had made a world-wide reputation in the same role on the spoken stage. It used all its artistic and technical mastery of production to immortalize the inspiration of F. Marion Crawford through Viola Allen's genius of interpretation. And it has given to the world the greatest and most stupendous photoplay ever produced, with an all-star supporting cast including Richard C. Travers in the chief role opposite Viola Allen.

BELIEVE SPY WAS AIDED IN ESCAPING BY "GROUP B"

Organization of European Political Refugees Has Been Active Before

New York, Jan. 21.—Federal secret service agents were convinced today that Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, self confessed German spy and former member of the British house of commons, was aided in his escape from a United States deputy mashal last Saturday by "Group B," a powerful organization of European political refugees. The government agents also were satisfied that Lincoln has not left New York city.

Following two boastful communications to a newspaper defying the government to recapture him, Lincoln sent a letter today to the local bureau of the Department of Justice, offering to surrender if promised immunity. This was taken to mean that he wanted a pledge that he would not be turned over to the British. Before his escape an order was issued for his extradition as a forger, but Lincoln has insisted that the English government intends to shoot him as a spy.

"Group B," the organization which federal agents believed arranged Lincoln's escape, was formed in this country in 1872. It came prominently into public notice some years ago when it went to the aid of Jan Pouren, a Russian political exile, whose extradition was demanded by the Russian government on the ground that he was a murderer. Pouren had attempted to start a revolution in the Baltic provinces of Russia. Theodore Roosevelt was president and "Group B" got an order for Pouren's release.

BUYS THREE FEDERALS

Nick Cullop, Pitcher, Among Trio Purchased by New York Americans.

New York, Jan. 21.—The New York Americans purchased three more Federal players today. The star of the trio is Nick Cullop, who ranked fourth in the Federal twirling averages last season. The other two players are Joe Gedeon, a hard hitting second baseman, and Herman Schaefer, a valuable infielder and coach. The club released pitchers Brown and Ring to Louisville, and Outfielder Daley to the Vernon club of the coast league.

IF YOU HAD WRITTEN A CLASSIC WOULD YOU LET IT BE FILMED?

Son of Denman Thompson, Author of "The Old Homestead" Discusses Question—"Yesterday, No," He Says, "But To-day, Yes!"

By FRANK THOMPSON

(Editor's Note.—Prompted by the new interest awakened in his father's immortal play, "The Old Homestead," by the forthcoming Famous Players-Paramount Picture which marks its transmission to the screen, Frank Thompson, son and heir of Denman Thompson, has written a few personal reminiscences which by special arrangement, have been secured by this paper. They contain facts never before published, and Mr. Thompson's article should be of great interest to all who have heard the name, "The Old Homestead."

It is interesting to note that, at the time of the first presentation of the play in New York thirty years ago, A. C. Wheeler, dramatic critic of the *Herald* prophetically said: "Denman Thompson might have ransacked the world and he could not have got a theme that would touch so many American hearts as 'The Old Homestead.' No one even of the third or fourth generation will fail to feel its charm and recognize its idyllic truth."

IT was some time before I could see my way clear to consent to the converting of "The Old Homestead" into a motion picture, as it seemed best from sentimental and business reasons to preserve its unique status as a play. It scarcely seems possible that any play ever written could have quite the same sentimental value to the family of the author as Denman Thompson's has had for his heirs. Particularly is this true in my own case, as I also had the pleasure of appearing in the production with him.

The very nature of the subject, its association with the old home in Swanzey and the fact that some of the characters depicted in it were actually prototpyes of my father's own neighbors, makes the play much more than a mere successful theatrical enterprise and gives it a truly hallowed association. The present old home on the New Hampshire farm was granted to the Thompson family as one of the sixty to whom the township of Swanzey was deeded by the Massachusetts authorities in May, 1735, and though my father was born near Girard, Pa., he returned to the old family seat so early in his life that he was essentially a New Hampshire youth. My grandfather, in whom the love of old New England was ever alive, despite the fact that the paths of opportunity seemed to point to the then newer country, never failed to inculcate into his boy the sturdy and old-fashioned nobility of mind and heart that were traditional among the people of New England.

THE statement that some of the characters in the piece were really drawn from life was looked upon, when the play was produced, as being a press yarn, but it is absolutely true. Joshua Whitcomb himself represented

DENMAN THOMPSON
Who wrote "The Old Homestead" and starred in it for thirty years.

a composite character—as it did the names—of Captain Otis Whitcomb and Joshua Holbrook, both of whom I had the pleasure of knowing as a boy. From the former there emanated the comic side of the character, and from the latter the serious. Mr. Holbrook never had the unique pleasure of seeing himself depicted on the stage, but Mr. Whitcomb lived to see the play become a popular institution. Aunt Matilda was really a sister of Joshua Holbrook, one of the sweetest and most lovable characters I have ever met, who was known to all Swanzey as "Aunt Rhody."

CY. PRIME had his flesh and blood original, but since he was known all over Cheshire County as the biggest liar "in them parts," as Uncle Josh would say, perhaps his name were best omitted. Though the other characters in the play had no actual individual models as their bases, they were a composite photograph of the types which abounded in the community. They are not all dead yet, after these thirty years.

It is more or less common knowledge that the play was written in its original form as a one-act sketch while my father was suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism. That was in February of the year 1875, while he was playing an engagement in Harry Martin's Varieties, in Pittsburgh. The sketch had its first public performance in this theatre. Strangely enough, until he wrote this playlet, the actor-author had specialized in playing Irish comedy parts.

And that, by the way, reminds me that Chauncey Olcott, perhaps the best-known Irish comedian on the stage today, appeared in the role of

FRANK LOSEE and LOUISE HUFF
Dream of Son and Lover Far Away in the Famous Players-Paramount Picture "The Old Homestead."

Frank Hopkins in the first New York production of the completed play at the old Academy on Aug. 30, 1888. I remember very well his tenor voice rang out clear and strong in the double quartette that sang "Where Is My Wandering Boy Tonight?" behind the scenes. It is a rather curious coincidence that an Irish comedian should write a rural drama and that one of the actors in that rural drama's first presentation should become one of the foremost Irish comedians of his time.

DURING the several years that elapsed between the first sketch, which was called "Josh Whitcomb," and the completed play, "Old Homestead," there were many changes made in the story. Beginning in February as a twenty-minute sketch, with two scenes, by spring it had accumulated "Roundy" and "Tot," bootblack and crossing sweeper, respectively. While in Chicago in the season of 1876-77, second and third acts were added as the popularity of the play increased. In its expanded form, "Joshua Whitcomb" traveled all the way out to San Francisco and returning swept the country before it. In September, 1878, the play was presented in the old Lyceum Theatre in New York for the first time—just ten years before the sequel of the story, "The Old Homestead," started upon its celebrated career.

"The Old Homestead" in its final version was written while the whole "Joshua Whitcomb" company was on tour through Pennslyvania, in 1885. It was in April, 1886 that the second play was presented to Boston at the Boston Theatre. Strangely enough, though the Hub City had not taken kindly to "Joshua Whitcomb," when that play was first presented in its expanded form, it was warm in its praise of the new play, to which it never failed to accord a cordial welcome upon each succeeding visit.

In the beginning of this article, I referred to the sentimental and business reasons which at first deterred me from consenting to permit the Famous Players Film Company to adapt the play as a "Paramount Picture." I have perhaps succeeded in at least suggesting some of the sentimental reasons—here are just a few business considerations:

DURING its existence, the play circled the globe three times, and in the old Academy of Music alone it cleared $1,500,000 in four years at popular prices. It is scarcely too much to say that the proceeds of that play built the present Palace Theatre in New York. As for the number of times that it was presented, I am always reminded of the rejoinder which my father used to make when asked that question.

Interviewers used to get him to reminisce on the early days of the play, when smoking oil-lamps and gas-burners formed the only means of illumination in many an "Opry House" in which he played. Then they would ask him how many times he had played Uncle Josh.

Father used to beam good-naturedly at the questioner and reply:

"My boy, how many seeds has a fig?"

It is the only possible answer to the question.

FIRMLY convinced of the fact that there is in "The Old Homestead" a certain universal appeal which will make it just as popular in years to come as it was on the day that it was first played, the idea presented itself of holding the play in abeyance for several years—until the generation of theatregoers who remember the original Josh Whitcomb had passed away. Then a good character comedian could be starred in the production and would undoubtedly prove successful in the role.

Like everyone interested in the amusement business, my attention has been called rather sharply to the tremendous growth of the motion picture. Though I witnessed some of the one-reel films many years ago, their crudeness rather disgusted me, and it was not until very recently that I again attended a motion picture performance. This was at the personal instigation of Adolph Zukor, the president of the Famous Players Company, whose suggestion that I tender to him the rights to the play had first seemed, I am frank to say, almost an insult to my father's memory.

But Mr. Zukor insisted, and finally induced me to attend the performance

FRANK THOMPSON
Son of Denman Thompson and author of this article.

of some of the productions of his own organization and told me of the millions who are reached every day through the wonderful Paramount plan. As I sat and marveled at the progress which the photoplay has made, and realized the possibility of reaching the whole world through this great medium, my former plans dwindled in significance and importance. Why wait for some nebulous future to arrive which would be propitious for the relaunching of the play, when there stood before me the opportunity to immortalize it for all time by means of the photoplay?

Then, having given my consent to the filming of the play, my interest in the production grew rapidly as the enthusiasm of the film men became contagious. Accordingly, I was only too glad to offer to the producers the facilities of the old home in Swanzey as the setting for the rural part of the drama. Thus, though it will lack the presence of the author whose name is linked with it, "The Old Homestead" in film form will have the advantage of the stage presentation in the reality of the settings. For, instead of a painted canvas representing the farm, it will have as a setting the old farm and homestead itself.

AND in the case of the scenes in the third act which takes place before Grace Church, the same thing holds true. Goatcher painted a very realistic picture of the old church for the original production, but I understand that the film men have already staged those scenes before the church itself.

I have every reason to believe that the film will be invested to the greatest possible extent with the atmosphere of the original production as I have supplied the company with all the information possible concerning the traditions which clung to the play, and have furnished pictures of all the stage characters from which the silent interpreters were able to model their respective make-ups.

Of course it would be preposterous for me to say that I am looking forward to the presentation of the photoplay with the same keen anticipation which my father felt before the first night of the stage appearance. But I am safe in saying that I never have been and never will be so deeply interested in any photoplay as I am in "The Old Homestead."

POSTOFFICE INSPECTOR MAY BE SENT TO WHITEVILLE

Messrs. Simmons and Godwin Give Attention to Petitions.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Whiteville, N. C., Jan. 21.—Letters received here today from Congressman Godwin and from Senator Simmons convey the information that the petition asking for a change in the name of the down-town postoffice from Vineland to South Whiteville have been presented to the department, and Senator Simmons states that he will heartily cooperate with Mr. Godwin in urging the change to the department. It is more than likely, however, since the advent of the counter petition for Mr. Godwin's attention, that a postoffice inspector will be sent here to make an investigation and the department will act upon his report. This latter phase of the present jumbled situation is most gratifying to the petitioners who have asked that the name of the postoffice be changed from Vineland to South Whiteville, for they feel quite sure after the confusion that now exists because of two postoffices, with different names, is observed first hand by an inspector, his report will be favorable to the request of the original petitions, and again, it is hardly likely that the department will entertain any petition asking that the word "Station" be appended to the name of any town the size of Whiteville.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 20.—Miss Anne Harvie, daughter of General Jaqueline Barwell Harvie, who married Mary, the eldest daughter of Chief Justice John Marshall, died here last night of old age.

NIGHT SCHOOL AT NEWBERN.

Male Members of Christ Church Have a Supper.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, Jan. 20. — New Bern's night school, being conducted under the auspices of the Woman's Club, will doubtless prove to be a complete success in every sense of the word. The third session was held last night and nineteen new pupils were added to the list of those who have enrolled.

Previously three groups of classes had been formed. Last night another, a class in stenography under the direction of Mrs. B. E. Moore, was formed and a number of the pupils taking the various courses have been enrolled in this.

Rev. H. H. Covington, D. D., rector of St. Paul's church, Norfolk, Va., will arrive in the city tomorrow morning, and tomorrow evening will make an address before the male members of Christ Episcopal church, at a Men's Supper, which is to be held in the Parish House at that time.

This supper will doubtless be well attended, as much interest has already been manifested in it. A large number of invitations have been issued and the majority of the recipients of these will doubtless be in attendance.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—John J. Halpin, former chief of the Chicago detective bureau, was sentenced today to imprisonment in the state penitentiary for from 1 to 5 years. He was convicted several weeks ago of having accepted bribes to protect clairvoyant swindles from arrest.

MR. CHAS. H. FOY DEAD.

Prominent Citizen of Kinston is Victim of Tuberculosis.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 20.—The funeral of Chas. H. Foy, one of this city's well known men, was held at the home of the family on McLewean street today at 10:30 o'clock, interment following in Maplewood cemetery. Tuberculosis was given as the cause of death. Mr. Foy was 59 years of age, of independent means and was a native of Jones county. He was a member of the Methodist church and a Mason. Many months and thousands of dollars spent in pursuit of health availed him naught.

Mr. Foy was a large landowner and was widely known in this section. He was of prominent family connections. His wife and two daughters, Misses Ruby and Elizabeth Foy, of Kinston, and one son, Henry Foy, of Norfolk, survive him.

PASS WRECK OF VESSEL

Two Steamers Report by Wireless Sighting Parts of Craft at Sea.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 20.—Wireless reports from the steamer sSanta Marta and the Saramaca received here today told of passing parts of a wrecked vessel. The Saramacca reports that in latitude 37.02 north, longitude 71.50 west she passed today what appeared to be bulwark of wooden vessel.

The Santa Marta reports that at 2:50 o'clock this morning she passed in latitude 38.25, longitude 73.55 werckage of a vessel with bulwarks gone. The hull of the wrecked vessel was showing six feet above water.

WITH ROYSTER GUANO COMPANY

Mr. C. S. Carr Leaves Greenville Bank For Norfolk Position.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Greensville, N. C., Jan. 21.—Mr. C. S. Carr left this week to take charge of the credit department of the F. S. Royster Fertilizer Company. Mr. Carr is a very efficient man and the company is to be congratulated on securing his valuable services. Mr. Carr resigned the cashiership of the Greenville Banking & Trust Company to accept this new position in Norfolk. He had been with the bank since soon after its organization and had been a potent factor in its growth from a little bank several years ago, to the leading bank of this city and section. The bank and the city and county regretted to have to lose him.

JURY DISAGREES IN THE TRIAL OF EDWARD WEINACHT

Charged With Transferring Adams Express Money From London.

London, Jan. 21.—The trial of Edward Weinacht, of Elizabeth, N. J., ended in a disagreement today by the jury. Weinacht was charged with violation of the trading with the enemy act. The defendant was held under bail for a new trial.

Weinacht, former foreign manager for the Adams Express Company, testified that he had taken foreign money, including German marks, belonging to the company from London to Rotterdam solely because the foreign currency could be more advantageously utilized there. The government had sought to show that Weinacht had assisted in transferring more than 5,000 marks from London to the German agent of the company at Hamburg but the defense contended that the transaction was consummated at Rotterdam.

The responsibility for any subsequent use or the transfer of the money to Germany, Weinacht contended, rested with the Rotterdam office.

Much of the day's session was taken up by a discussion as to whether Americans and other neutrals without permanent residence in London came under the trading with the enemy act. The defense claims that the transfer of money from the London office to an American firm is a matter of convenience and does not differ essentially from the transfer of money directly from New York to Germany.

GOLD FOR ARGENTINE

Shipment of $1,500,000 to Be Made Today from New York.

New York, Jan. 21.—Gold to the amount of $1,500,000 is to be shipped from this port to Argentine tomorrow. The exports are being made by a prominent trust company and supplement shipments of $2,500,000, in the last month. The exporters declined to disclose the nature of the shipments beyond the statement that they are based on special conditions.

MILITARY TRAINING COURSE

Being Consdeired by Vanderbilt University—Count Towards Degree.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 21.—The Vanderbilt University faculty is considering establishing a course of military training. The course, it is stated, would be recognized in the curriculum and count toward a degree. The plan contemplates having the course under the supervision of a United States officer.

DISMISSAL RECOMMENDED

Two Naval Academy Students Charged With Infraction of Rules.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Recommendations for the dismissal of Francis J. Kelley, Jr., of Brooklyn and Thomas H. Davis, of South Carolina, from the Naval Academy were placed today before President Wilson. A court martial found them guilty of infractions of rules.

THE ROYAL
"Wilmington's Modern Movie"
SHOWS START
11:00 A. M.
12:30 P. M.
2:00 "
3:30 "
5:00 "
6:30 "
8:00 "
9:30 "

V. L. S. E. OFFERS
The Exquisite Broadway Star
Viola Allen
In the Most Superb Motion Picture Masterpiece of the Year.
"The White Sister"
Supported by
RICHARD. C. TRAVERS
The First Filmization Of The Greatest Work Of That Master Mind, F. Marion Crawford
IN SIX MARVELOUS ACTS

GRAND
"Mutual Movies Make Time Fly"
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In Another Great Keystone Scream.
"BETWEEN SHOWERS"
"A Pitch O' Chance"
Jack Richardson, Helen Rosson and Lizette Thorne in a Thrilling Two-Reel "Mustang" Drama
"Hearts and Clubs"
Starring George Ovey, "The Funniest Man in America."
"That Country Girl"
Neva Gerber in a Neat Single Reel Feature

BIJOU
"One Hundred Years Ago"
A Stirring Two-Reel Human Interest Laemmle Dramatic Feature
ANIMATED WEEKLY
The Great Universal Film Newspaper.
"Jed's Trip To The Fair"
Eddie Lyons, Lee Moran and Betty Compson in a Great Nestor Scream.

Pain in the Back
Is often of the most violent character, yet it is surprising how quickly it disappears when Sloan's Liniment is used, not only for backache but for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nerve Pains, Sloan's Liniment is remarkably effective.
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KILLS PAIN
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40 bbls. Heavy Mess Pork.
70 bush. Seed Rye.
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600 bush. Field Peas.
3000 kegs Nails.
300 rolls Bagging.
600 bundles Ties
200 bbls. Molasses.
Ask for our prices on Anything in Our Line, Before Buying Elsewhere.
D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell building

For Sale
A Good Saddle Horse
SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
311 North Front St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

As assignee for Moore & Moore, I offer for sale the following property, located near Ivanhoe, N. C.:

Saw Mill, Engines, Boilers, Planing Machine, All Machinery, Belting, Shafting, Etc., connected with saw mill, and About Three Miles of 20 and 30 lb. Steel Tram Rail. Also Eight Mules.

Correspondence solicited, from any one interested.

L. E. HALL, Assignee,
Wilmington, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.50; six months, 80 cents, three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable at all, every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SATURDAY, JAN. 22, 1914.

TOP O' THE MORNING

A curse ever rests upon falsehood.
—LONGFELLOW.

Some folks are peace advocates and some are pacifist bombs.

Yes, they are getting on to the fact that what they need is a press agent.

One way we can tell who our personal fans are is to run for some kind of office.

Lots of us had no idea that there was a partial eclipse of the moon at 2:30 o'clock Thursday morning.

The heathen always did rage, so nobody is surprised at the way they are raging against a Democratic administration.

The Republican party still has confidence in itself for most all of it wants to be nominated for president.

A fellow will ask your advice but after you give it he thinks you are a lot bigger fool than he is himself.

If you were to knock some men into a cocked hat, they are liable to throw it into the ring and invite you to kick it around.

A contemporary says: "We will soon have an opportunity to pick daisies." Strange to say, that is a year-round opportunity in Wilmington.

Indiana's human icicle is running for the presidential nomination at the hands of the Republican party. He has many warm friends who propose to freeze to him.

A fellow says he was plodding along two miles from town and had to get out of the way of fifty automobiles whose drivers must have thought he preferred to walk rather than ride.

If it really is true that the Carranzistas have caught General Villa, the bandit general may as well kiss himself good-bye. When we come to think about it, the career of every one of us is bound to have an end.

Says the Appalachicola, Fla., Times: "Thirty-eight oysters fill a half gallon measure," remarked Mr. Charles Scheon. It's owing to Charley's size whether an editor will allude to his remarks as lacking in credibility.

It's Gen. Leonard Wood's opinion that 150,000 men could invade this country, but the very idea of such a thing is an insult to Teddy. So long as the Colonel lives a crowd like that would be liable to be dragged around by the hair of their heads.

A people have to be great if they are to have a great nation. A nation is just as weak or just as strong as its people are weak or strong. Well, now, here! Doncher know that the only kind of a nation Fiji Islands could make is one whose greatness would be limited to the possibilities of its cocoanut production?

When a man bitterly assails President Wilson's policies, that does not mean that President Wilson is wrong. It is more liable to mean that the opponent of his policies doesn't know a policy from a hole in the ground. Something is gnawing people who get so bitter that they can only chew the rag in a manner likely to dislocate their false teeth.

Our ideas of adequate preparedness depend altogether on what kind of conception we have of it in our individual beans. A Zulu, for instance, thinks he is adequately equipped for hostilities when he is armed with an all-grass clout, an assagai and a club with a gnarled head for producing compound-comminuted fracture of a peace disturber's cocoa. None of us can get rid of our pop-gun idea if that be the full dimension of our conception of adequate preparedness. When Uncle Hiram is wedded to the idea that a buckeye carried in his left pants pocket will ward off growing pains, you might argue with him all day but he will pity you for not knowing as much as he does.

WASTING ROAD MONEY

Experimenting in the building of good roads has gone far enough, so there is no reasonable excuse for any county in North Carolina to waste public funds in attempting to construct modern highways without consulting experts. The North Carolina Highway Commission was established for the soel purpose of saving money for counties of the State and any county which neglects to call upon it for a road engineer and expert direction in the building of modern highways, has itself to blame. It will not cost the counties a cent, but, even if it did, they would save money by getting in touch with experts in highway construction.

An item is going the rounds to the effect that four or five years ago Marion county, South Carolina, spent $100,000 in constructing a system of good roads, but it is now stated that the roads constructed are being ruined by neglect. It is more than apt to be the case that they were not built right to start with or that they were run within the engineering work necessary to their economic maintenance. Maintenance, of course, is just as necessary as constructing roads, for we cannot have such a valuable asset and expect it to take care of itself.

With reference to Marion county's road experience, a contemporary remarks that "the great problem in road building is maintenance," but, as a matter of fact, it is not so much a problem as it is a necessity. It is a foregone conclusion that when a county builds good roads it will have to keep them up unless it wants to waste its money. For that very good reason, the same contemporary wisely says that "in every county in which roads are built there should be adopted a definite programme for raising the funds necesary for road maintenance." Furthermore, the true doctrine is laid down that "we should build good roads, but we should also maintain the roads after they are built."

A county which invests $100,000 in good roads and neglects them would not think of investing $100,000 of its public money in any kind of business and then neglect it. That would not be business, neither is it business to acquire a $100,000 asset in good roads and then permit them to be destroyed in four of five years—at an erosion percentage of 20 to 25 per cent. a year, as the case may be. Roads properly constructed ought to be maintained at a cost of from 5 to 10 per cent. so that $5,000 or $10,000 a year would mean a saving of $100,000 in five years to a county. Roads are worth more than the money put in their construction and maintenance, so it is a matter of business economy that roads should be built right and provision made for their upkeep.

North Carolina counties should not neglect to call upon the State Highway Commission for consultation as to their road building. They will save money by it. We know there are many men in a county who think they can build good roads as well as anybody, but they are generally the kind who lose a county's money, unintentionally. With engineering assistance and expert advice they could build roads that will stay with a county after they are constructed.

A modern highway system is the best and most valuable institution a county has. It costs more and its utility is more general in its way than all the other institutions of a county. It is a county's transportation system and it has to be maintained just as railroads, which are but a transportation system of another kind. Fancy money invested in railways whose maintenance is not thereafter to be strictly looked after!

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE STEEL MEN.

Editor Richard H. Edmonds, of the Manufacturers Record, has published an open letter to the financiers and the iron and steel men of America emphasizing for them an opportunity in national preparedness. In a most convincing way he points out to them the danger if not disadvantage in confining most all their industries and operations to one section of the country. Moreover, it is a section more vulnerable than any other portion of it, so that if this country were at war and the country were subject to invasion, its preparedness for defense would be lamentably weak in that respect. Editor Edmonds emphasizes this statement, to which their attention is particularly directed:

"About 90 per cent of the iron and steel output of the United States is dependent upon Lake Superior ores, which are in close proximity to Canada, and which pass through are Soo canals. The capture of this region by an enemy, or the blocking of these canals by the explosion of a few sticks of dynamite, would almost instantaneously cause a collapse in our iron and steel and all kindred interests. So long as this condition lasts there can be no real National Preparedness, nor any real safety for the iron and steel and railroad interests of the United States."

The class of Americans to whom Mr. Edmonds appeals represents billions and billions of wealth which he declares is uninsured. Practically speaking, they have all their golden eggs in one basket, but the time may come when they will realize that if their undertakings were distributed throughout the South and Southwest, the danger for them would be minimized. However, there is a more serious danger, and that is to the country itself. The ore beds provide one of the country's principal resources for war, and it is the steel works which make those resources available in the hour of necessity. Suppose either those iron ore resources were seized by an enemy or the plants for their conversion into ordnance and munitions were to become the object of successful attack, what would be the fate of the whole country?

As the editor of the Manufacturers Record sees it and emphasized it, there can be no broad national preparedness while the nation's war resources are bunched in a comparatively small portion of the Republic. He urges distribution of this element of national preparedness and points out that in the South and Southwest there are almost limitless stores of iron ore and coal which furnish a foundation for the profitable operation of a great steel and iron industry. He asserts that if the captialists engaged in this industry were to utilize these Southern resources they would greatly strengthen the preparedness programme of this country and give the only possible insurance that they can have for their billions staked in the iron and steel industry and in railroads, upon which their industries as well as national preparedness so largely depends.

They are informed in that open letter that they also are taking serious risks as to their investments and those of their clients, and as to the safety of the country, every day that they delay in removing from the Great Lakes and the ocean coasts some of their great chemical industries, munitions plants and hydro-electric plants for manufacturing nitrogen from the air by means of electricity.

This idea has never before occurred to the government officials and the capitalists, but the Manufacturers Record has so earnestly pointed it out in a persistent way that it is said they are beginning to regard the situation with very grave concern. As Mr. Edmonds strikingly observes: "This great country, with its 100,000,000 people is not going to carry all its preparedness eggs in one basket, and that basket in reach of a stone from an enemy."

Anyhow, some of that industry should come South—to Wilmington for instance—for the advantages of transportation not only during war times but during the piping times of peace. The Southern railroads and industries utilize millions of their products and in many portions of the South they could have plants so their patronage could be reached to more economic advantage.

A NOVEL USE FOR NEGROES

Mr. Eliot Norton, a New York lawyer, senior member of a law firm of five lawyers, all prominent members of the metropolitan bar, writes The Star to make a novel suggestion concerning national preparedness. Mr. Norton recognizes the asset value of men as producers when their labor is profitably employed, so he writes about our proposed continental army as follows:

"'Preparedness' is in the air. Secretary of War Garrison recommends an army of 500,000 men. Such men would be the hired men of the United States government, but they would not be engaged in any useful labor. It would, therefore, be a detriment to the country and to every taxpayer to take them from the ranks of regular laboring men. There is no overplus of labor in this country. But we do have a class, constantly increasing, of men who idle away their lives, who are detrimentals and wasters. I refer to the negroes, especially those in the cities. Why not make our proposed army out of them? They make first class soldiers. And the training they would rceive would make men of them. To take 500,000 male negroes or half that number and to train and discipline them as soldiers, would pretty nearly settle the so-called negro question."

It is a certainty that a standing army of a half million men would take just that many men out of the ranks of the producers and accordingly reduce the available labor supply of the country—that is, unless the class who just won't work could be converted into national defenders. The only serious objection to that possibly might be that the American army could not boast of its high morale. An army of vagrants might make good soldiers, and certainly the army organization might do an uplift work while it had the men together in such numbers as to make missionary work a valuable feature of our military establishment.

Probably Mr. Norton knows where he could get 500,000 idle negroes up North, but we hope he is mistaken about the proportion of idle negroes in Southern cities. They have their share, of course, but the trifling fellows form a comparatively small proportion of the negro masses. The negro has his faults but we doubt whether any other large class of laborers are any more tractable than Southern negroes when they are free from evil influences and are given a chance to work for good wages.

Lawyer Norton means this as a practical suggestion, and so we hope the colored people of the South will take it to heart and instill more race pride into their children and point out to them how it reflects on their race to have the impression prevail abroad that the only thing they are fit for is soldiering. We don't know that we have many colored militarists in North Carolina, but the negroes of this State showed their patriotism when Col. Jas. H. Young organized an entire regiment of them as part of North Carolina's quota for the war with Spain. They were not the vagrant class either, but North Carolina soldiers under the command of an intelligent colored colonel and other officers of the race.

If Uncle Sam needs defenders he can rely upon thousands of sturdy North Carolina negroes but we doubt whether they would go into the army with the vagabond class of their race. The race is thinking better of itself all the time, and North Carolina is providing elementary education for them under compulsory school laws for both whites and blacks. The State also has a high class agricultural and technical college and four normal training schools for its colored people, in charge of able headmasters and competent colored professors who are yearly turning from these institutions the best type of North Carolina negroes.

DECLINE IN DEATH RATES

Census Bureau Shows Remarkable Reduction in Deaths.

That a number of the most fatal diseases are now on the decrease is the statement made in a recent bulletin issued by the Federal Census Bureau at Washington, D. C. The diseases mentioned as showing reduced death rates since 1900 are tuberculosis, pneumonia, diarrhoeal diseases, diphtheria and typhoid fever.

In one decade from 1904 to 1914, according to this bulletin, the death rate from tuberculosis in all its forms fell from 200.7 to 146.8 per 100,000. This is a drop of more than 25 per cent. and is accounted for as a result of a more general understanding of the laws of health, the importance of fresh air, rest, etc., and the efforts of various societies for the prevention of this disease.

The death rate from pneumonia was 127 in 1914 per 100,000—the lowest on record—against 180.5 in 1900. While the mortality rate from this disease fluctuates greatly from year to year, there is however a marked decline.

The diarrhoeal or baby diseases show a decline of from 133.2 in 1900 per 100,000 to 79.4 in 1914, and typhoid shows a decrease from 35.9 in 1900 to 15.4 in 1914. The marked decrease in these two diseases gives emphatic testimony to the effectiveness of the present day methods, not only of cure but of prevention—improved water supplies and sewer systems, campaigns against the fly, and other sanitary precautions.

Diphtheria shows the greatest decline in death rates which was 43.3 per 100,000 in 1900 against 17.9 in 1914. This decline of 59 per cent. has been more or less continual but fluctuates somewhat from year to year.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Inasmuch as there will soon be another election, I hope and trust that any of the candidates who run for the office will not step so low as to give any of my Glee Club Boys whiskey of money to help to elect them to a public office. Any man that cannot stand on his own bottom, the bottom ought to drop out, and make room for someone else. I love Wilmington, I have been here 45 years, and 25 years I have been magistrate of New Hanover county and I hope and trust to God that I will be elected again.

I am Vice President of Bellevue cemetery; when my journey is run, I have a beautiful lot in the cemetery where I expect to rest.

Candidates, take fair warning, if you get any of my boys drunk, I will see to it that you get six months on the county roads. I am respectfully,

Your humble servant.
G. W. BORNEMANN,
For short, "The Judge."

CURRENT COMMENT.

Since it appears that a recent ruling of a judge in Asheville that possession of more than one quart of liquor is no evidence of sale, and that the State must prove the fact before a conviction is worked, does not seem to agree with the opinion of the Recorder here, and likewise the vault of the city clerk's office looks more like a check room to some big hotel. The defendants who are fined by the Recorder for having too much liquor in their possession are making a practice of appealing the cases while the captured whiskey is kept as evidence and so the stock on hand at the police headquarters continues.—Rocky Mount Telegram.

The Observer learns that the executive committee of the North Carolina Press Association is figuring on Wrightsville as the place for the coming meeting. This would be in accordance with the custom of annual rotation, but what becomes of the proposition of meeting up in a corner of the mountains and then going to Charleston with the South Carolina Press Association? That proposition met with much favor among the editors at Montreat last summer, so much that it was thought it would be a go. But there is no reason why the invasion of South Carolina could not be made from Wrightsville with the same ease as from the mountains—or better. The joint associations could charter a boat and go from Wilmington. The sea trip would prove a novel departure, and perhaps the executive committee might think it over.—Charlotte Observer.

The statements coming out of Washington that President Wilson is to speak in a number of cities of the country upon his program of preparedness, in order that the people at first hand may see the purpose he has in view and the necessity for the adoption of plans of preparedness in line with the suggestions and recommendations he has made, are such that Raleigh should get busy in urging upon the President that this city be one of the places at which he will speak. Raleigh would give President Wilson an immense audience. We feel that we are well within limitations when we say that the great auditorium of the city would not hold the crowd which would gather to hear him, and where in this States or in all this section is it possible to secure an acceptable place with a greater capacity? By all means let President Wilson be invited to deliver one of his addresses in this city if he makes a tour which embraces the South. He will find in North Carolina a people responsive to his ideas upon a program of preparedness, a people who have the greatest confidence in Woodrow Wilson as man and President. Raleigh would give him a welcome worthy of the man who has taken place with the greatest of our Presidents and from all sections of North Carolina its citizens would be present here to hear him speak. There should be action today both by the officials of the city, and by all of its organizations urging President Wilson to select this city as one of the places in which he will speak on preparedness.—Raleigh News and Observer.

CORONATION OF YUAN SHI KAI AS EMPEROR POSTPONED

Uprising in Southern China Given as Reason for Indefinite Delay.

Peking, Jan. 21.—The coronation of Yuan Shi Kai as emperor of China has been postponed indefinitely. The reason given is the uprising in southern China. The foreign office notified the various legations today that the government had decided that the enthronement would take place early in February, but that Yuan Shi Kai had issue an order cancelling the arrangements, in view of disturbances in Yunannan province. No intimation was given when the enthronement will take place.

Government officials estimate that not more than six months wil be required to quiet disturbances.

TO SUCCEED JUSTICE ALLEN.

Judge Whedbee is Proposed, If An Opening Should be Made.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Jan. 21.—This has been the civil week of Pitt court. Judge Whedbee has been up against the usual long docket and long cases, but has done much business, though trying few cases. Superior Court Clerk John. D. Cox has been sick all the week, at his home in Winterville. There has not been the big crowd which generally attend first-of-the-year courts.

Greenville is interested in Judge W. R. Allen's chance for the Federal Supreme Court in more than one way. Of course, all Carolina would be more than pleased and the State honored, and with no ulterior motive, yet Greenville would like to see Judge Harry W. Whedbee on our State Supreme bench. Judge Whedbee has more than made good on the Superior court bench and though young in years and only a few years on the bench, he has a reputation second to none of our older judges.

TO SPEAK AT WHITEVILLE

Mr. Allen Maull, of Coast Line, to be Heard Next Thursday.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Whiteville, N. C., Jan. 21.—Mr. Allen Maull, agricultural and industrial agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, will make an address to the farmers and business men of Whiteville and vicinity in the court house here next Thursday, January 27, at 2:30. It was through the co-operation of the Atlantic Coast Line advertising department that Whiteville and Columbus county received such splendid advertising in the booklet "Eastern Carolina for the Farmer," gotten out last spring by Mr. Maull, resulting in numerous inquiries to the Whiteville Commercial Club and the subsequent arrival of homeseekers from Western states to different parts of the county, who have permanently located in Columbus. It is expected that a large crowd will be present to hear Mr. Maull and to further take hold of the splendid opportunity for advertising this section offered through the publicity mediums of the Atlantic Coast Line.

SPEED IN CONSIDERATION OF LEGISLATION IS PLANNED

McAdoo Gives Dinner to Democratic Congressional Leaders.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Plans for speeding up consideration of legislation were agreed upon and methods of raising revenues discussed at a dinner given tonight by Secretary McAdoo to Democratic congressional leaders, including Speaker Clark and the chairmen of some of the important committees. The desirability of clearing the entire legislative programme before the National conventions, which will be held in June, was strongly urged by some of those present.

What Splendid Light the RAYO Gives!

ITS glow is so soft and bright that you can read all evening without tiring your eyes. The

Rayo Lamp

is the most popular kerosene lamp ever made.

—because it gives a clear, powerful, mellow light

—because it is easy to clean and light

—because it is durable, good looking and economical

Use Aladdin Security Oil or Diamond White Oil to obtain best results in Oil Stoves, Lamps and Heaters.

The Rayo is only one of our many products that bring comfort and economy to the farm.

Matchless Liquid Gloss
Standard Hand Separator Oil
Parowax
Eureka Harness Oil
Mica Axle Grease

If your dealer does not carry these, write to our nearest station.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
BALTIMORE
Washington, D. C. Charlotte, N. C.
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va.
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.

Grand Prize, Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915
Grand Prize, Panama-California Exposition, San Diego, 1915

Baker's Breakfast Cocoa

The Food Drink Without a Fault

Made of high-grade cocoa beans, skilfully blended and manufactured by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals; it is absolutely pure and wholesome, and its flavor is delicious, the natural flavor of the cocoa bean.

The genuine bears this trade-mark, and is made only by

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

DAVID'S

Re-Pricing Sale of Hart Schaffner & Marx, and Other High Grade Suits and Overcoats

The desire of this firm has always been to give our customers good values. To further this purpose we offer you our former standard values at a big saving.

Regular Price.	Repriced.
$35.00 Suit	$28.50
$32.50 Suit	$27.00
$27.50 Suit	$22.50
$25.00 Suit	$20.50
$23.50 Suit	$19.50
$22.50 Suit	$18.50
$21.00 Suit	$17.00
$20.00 Suit	$16.00
$18.00 Suit	$14.00
$16.50 Suit	$13.00
$15.00 Suit	$11.50

TWENTY-FIVE TO FIFTY PER CENT. REDUCTION ON ALL BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

The A. David Co.

Make Home Comfortable

Head Off The Cold Spells With a Vortex Heater

A Hatful Of Cheapest Coal Costs One Cent

Lasts Over Night in

THE ORIGINAL

Vortex Hot Blast

Guarantee to save you $16.00 to $25.00 in fuel every year. Guaranteed to stay tight always. Burns Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Wood or Coke without change of any fixture. A size for every use on hand here.

Come and see them, or write for Catalogue and Prices.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 South Front Street

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington

INPORTANT NOTICE

You can get Yawman & Erbe Mfg. Co. Cabinets and Supplies at

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

PHONE 621 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

CHOICE MEATS

TURKEYS, GEESE, CHICKENS, PAT. FANCY STOCK FED
A FULL LINE OF FLORIDA AND HOME GROWN

DAVIS & HINTZE

FRONT STREET MARKET.

LONG TERMS IN STATE PRISON FOR NEGROES

Judge Peebles Shows Convicted Offenders Little Mercy

Two Defendants Get Additional Five Years Each for Being Insolent to Court—Case Against Mr. Gilbert Non-Suited.

Long terms in the State penitentiary for the negroes convicted in Superior Court this week for burglary, housebreaking and highway robbery were given yesterday by Judge R. B. Peebles, who gave two of them an additional five years each for being insolent to the court. Practically all of the cases on the docket have been disposed of. One of the cases tried yesterday afternoon was that of Mr. C. D. Gilbert, a commission merchant, who was charged with receiving stolen goods knowing them to have been stolen. After the State had finished its evidence, Judge Peebles ordered a non-sui ton the ground that no case had been made out against the defendant.

Jack Taw, alias Alex. Harrison, a colored youth, drew the longest term in the State prison, the total number of years for him being 25. Taw was convicted by the jury of housebreaking in two cases and in one case for highway robbery and pleaded guilty in a case for housebreaking. Judge Peebles gave him five years in each case and upon the youth having made a remark to the effect that if he had a gun he would shoot up the court, according to those who were standing near him, the court added five years more.

Peter Howard, a one-legged negro, who was convicted of having held up a colored girl and taken a pistol away from her, was given ten years for highway robbery. As he started back to the prisoner's box, he made a profane remark and the court immediately increased the sentence to 15 years in the State penitentiary.

James Davis, colored, who was convicted of having entered the home of Capt. Charles H. Wessell, was given ten years in the State penitentiary. Robert Williams, colored, who had already been given 15 years in the State prison for secret assault on Mr. James Elder, a well known grocer, was sentenced to an additional five years for storebreaking in another case.

Oscar Johnson and Nathaniel Ballard, both colored, charged with highway robbery, it being alleged that they went to the store of E. W. Burnett, a colored grocer, and held up a clerk, were each given five years on the county roads. James Johnson, colored, who has been held in jail in Burgaw for some time, on a charge of storebreaking, was also implicated in the same case but was acquitted by the Recorder in the preliminary trial of the other two defendants.

The court ordered that James Fennell and James Hill, two colored boys, who were convicted of having entered the Peabody colored school and carrying off some of the things there, be discharged after they had been soundly whipped by their mothers.

Joe Hines, colored, charged with forging a receipt, was sentenced to six months on the roads but upon the recommendation of the Wilmington Iron Works, the concern for which Hines has been working and which prosecuted him on the forging charge, judgment was suspended upon the payment of the costs and continued good behavior.

The case against Mr. C. D. Gilbert was in connection with the purchase of some hides from several colored boys, who, it was alleged, had stolen them. After the completion of the evidence for the State, the court ordered a non-suit.

M. T. Davis was found guilty yesterday afternoon of doing business without a license, it being alleged that he operated a soda fountain without paying the privilege tax. Davis testified that he had the soda fountain but that it was never connected up for operation. However, Sheriff Cowan testified that the defendant had told him he had operated the fountain for a short time and then decided to discontinue it. Mr. A. J. Hauser, a traveling auditer for the State Tax Commission, had the suit started in court. Woodus Kellum, Esq., represented the defendant.

Prayer for judgment was continued in the case against Ruth Southerland, charged with committing a nuisance. Judgment was dismissed in the following civil cases: Leonora V. Tyler against the city of Wilmington and Ned Elvington against W. J. Norris.

TO HAVE "SING NIGHT."

Novel Event at Y. M. C. A. to be Given for Members and Friends.

"Sing Night," and "Eats" are the words of announcement posted by General Secretary Huntington at the Y. M. C. A. for an event that is to take place tonight. Upon being asked for more explicit information as to this attraction, Secretary Huntington explained yesterday that all the members of the association and their friends, whether they can sing or not, are invited to be on hand. Competent singers will lead and Messrs W. G. Robertson and Ernest Cavenaugh will preside at the piano.

Every college man remembers the good old days when he used to join the boys in singing such familiar songs as "Hop Along Sister Mary" or something equally as classic, and the idea behind the movement is to inject some of this spirit into the Y. M. C. A. It's a jolly good bunch of fellows that fraternize at the Y. M. C. A. and those who want to get a little of the spirit of good fellowship are invited to join the "bunch."

CIVIL SERVICE EXAM.

Position of Rural Carrier at Willard, N. C.—Be Held Here.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination for the county of Pender to be held at Wilmington on February 26th, to fill the position of rural carrier at Willard, N. C., and vacancies that later may occur on rural routes from other postoffices in the county of Pender.

The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory of a postoffice in the county and who meet the other requirements set forth in Form No. 1977. This form and application blanks may be obtained from the office mentioned above or from the United States Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. Applications should be forwarded to the Commission at Washington at the earliest practicable date.

WILL MAKE EFFORT TO TRY ELECTION CASES

In Superior Court Today, If Witnesses Can Attend.

Solicitor Lyon and Attorneys for Defendants, After Conference Are Unable to Agree on Statement of Facts.

That every effort will be made today to have the trial in Superior Court of the election cases in which Mayor Moore, Councilmen Bradshaw, Bunting and Jones, Superintendent of Streets John J. Furlong and Former Councilman D. N. Chadwick are defendants was the statement made by attorneys for them last night. When the cases were called yesterday afternoon, Solicitor Lyon stated that on account of the illness of Mr. Isaac King, one of the State's important witnesses, he would have to ask for a continuance until the next term of court.

Last night a conference of the attorneys for the defendants and Solicitor Lyon was held for the purpose of agreeing, if possible, on a statement of facts, so as to proceed with the trial without the appearance of Mr. King as a witness but this was fruitless and it was stated that every effort would be made today to secure the witnesses in the cases, if possible, and proceed with the trial in the regular way. Solicitor Lyon and County Solicitor Geo. Peschau appear for the State and A. G. Ricaud, Herbert McClammy, Marsden Bellamy, Iredell Meares and C. D. Weeks, Esq., are the attorneys for the defendants.

William J. Bellamy, Esq., attorney for Councilman Bradshaw, when the cases were called yesterday afternoon urged that his client be given the opportunity of having a trial at this term of court. He stated that Councilman Bradshaw was firmly of the opinion that he was entirely innocent of any violation of the law, technical or otherwise, and wanted a trial before a jury.

The attorneys for the other defendants, while they did not insist so persistently for a trial as did Mr. Bellamy, stated that they were very anxious to have the trial and were desirous of getting the cases off the docket. It was suggested that since Mr. King was ill that an effort be made to agree on a statement of facts and submit this to the court. The conference was held last night but, as stated, no agreement could be reached.

The conference last night was not attended by William J. Bellamy, Esq., who stated that his client would be satisfied with nothing less than a jury trial. At his suggestion, the court requested that Dr. Harlee Bellamy visit Mr. King to find out if he was physically able to attend court and testify.

Mr. King, who has been the witness for the State most frequently named in connection with the cases, is confined to his room with an attack of grippe. However, the defendants in the election cases are determined, they say, to have the trial today, if possible, and dispose of the matter once for all.

THE SOROSIS CARNIVAL.

Ready for Its Initial Bow to Public on Monday Night.

The three weeks of diligent rehearsal are over and now the large cast which has so enthusiastically entered in the various dances, choruses and dramatic skits are hoping to greet three large audiences Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights at the Business Men's Carnival.

The beautiful "Past and Present", in which are displayed the most modern of all millinery creations along with the "Hats of Other Days", will be a decided feature. Mrs. Horace Pearsall is the chaperone. The "Up-to-Date", "Last Year's" and "Colonial" girls are Misses Katherine King, Elizabeth Powell, Jessie Harper, Katie Merriman, Annie Banks, Laura Jacobs and Mary Hawkins.

The "Dairy Maids" chorus is sure to please. Mrs. E. Schulken is the chapedone. The maids are Misses Florence Wessell, Christine Schulken, Martha Dreher, Marie Dreher, Katherine King, Marie Rehder, Edna Davis. The farm lads who meet them and are captivated by their charms are Messrs. Charles W. Wagoner, W. H. Vollers, Norman W. Shepard, Charles Schulken and Dr. J. H. Hayes. Miss Marie Rehder and Mr. Charles Schulken are the soloists.

Mr. W. O. S. Southerland will give an entertaining Scotch interpretation in song and dance. "Trust to Ma", a sketch replete with music and humor, will be represented by Mrs. J. G. Barentine, Miss Louise Worth, Mr. Geo. E. Haskett. Among the dramatic stars are Miss Louise Worth, Mrs. F. M. Ross, Miss Mary Owen Green, Miss Rachel Pearsall, Mrs. J. G. Barentine, Miss Eleanor Harriss and Messrs. Geo. E. Haskett, W. O. S. Sutherland, Maurice Moore, F. W. Gerken and William Murphy.

In the "Gypsy Carnival," Miss Louise Wise will give a beautiful Spanish scarf dance. Mr. J. F. Harris is king of the Gypsies and Miss Elizabeth Warren is the queen.

The curtain will rise promptly at 8 o'clock each night. Those who don't want to miss the opening number, "Good Night for the Nursery," should not fail to be on time.

INTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS

Evening Dispatch Remodels Plant—Offices are Re-Arranged.

The Evening Dispatch has completed extensive improvements in the interior of its building, Nos. 8 and 10 North Second street. The editorial offices have been moved down stairs and the battery of linotype machines are now domiciled on the second floor instead of the first floor as formerly. The new arrangements are designed to facilitate the getting out of a first class newspaper. The entire interior has been repainted. The improvements are in keeping with the progressive policy of the paper.

Boosters to Entertain.

The "Boosters" will entertain the "Hustlers" in the Boys' Department of the Y. M. C. A. tonight from 7:45 to 9:15 o'clock. The two teams are conducting a contest for attendance at the series of Sunday afternoon meetings and last Sunday the "Hustlers" won. There will be a musical programme and refreshments will be served. Mr. W. L. Aiken will give a piano selection and Mr. Tom Bagley will sing "The Rosary." Mr. J. A. Stewart will sing several songs in the Scottish dialect; Mr. Harry McGowan will play a violin solo and Mr. K. B. Knudsen will give a reading.

MRS. KIDDER ENRICHES UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

Wilmington Woman Makes Exceedingly Important Gift

The Late George W. Kidder's Collection of Carolina and Virginia Newspaper Files of the '60's Given to Library.

Through the gift by Mrs. George W. Kidder, of Wilmington, in conformity with the wish of her late husband, Geo. W. Kidder, C. S. A., of this city, the library of the University of North Carolina yesterday came into posession of what is considered an exceedingly important collection of newspaper files covering the decade 1860-1869, according to announcement made by Prof. L. R. Wilson, the University librarian, and received in this city last night.

The gift consists of 35 bound volumes of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia newspapers covering the decade 1860-1869 and comprising the Civil war papers of the late George W. Kidder, of Wilmington, and is considered at the University an unusually important collection of first-hand source materials concerning the South's momentous struggle and especially concerning that particular part which North Carolina took in it.

Coming as it does just at the time when the State is making definite provision for the adequate writing of North Carolina's Civil war record, it supplements the already extensive collection of Confederate historical material in the library, and will prove of inestimable value in the telling of the story of North Carolina's participation in that great conflict.

"The University considers the gift a very remarkable one," says Librarian L. R. Wilson, in a letter to The Star announcing the gift by Mrs. Kidder, "and one which will be of most decided value to the men in the State who have recently employed President Hill, of the A. & M., to write the story of North Carolina's participation in the Civil war. This new gift, in conjunction with the material already possessed by the University Library, will certainly be of service in this special undertaking in behalf of the State."

The gift contains (1) complete files of North Carolina papers, (2) incomplete files of North Carolina papers, and (3) complete and incomplete files of Virginia and South Carolina papers.

A list of the complete sets of North Carolina papers follows:

The Wilmington Herald, 1860, 1861, 1865, 1866.

The Wilmington Journal, 1861 to 1867, inclusive.

The Herald of the Union (Wilmington), 1860.

The North Carolina Standard (Raleigh), 1861 to 1869 inclusive.

The Raleigh Register, 1861.

Incomplete sets of North Carolina papers 1861-1865:

The Wilmington Journal, The Wilmington Herald, The Raleigh Register, The North Carolina Standard (Raleigh), The Daily Conservative (Raleigh), The North Carolina Presbyterian (Fayetteville), The Christian Advocate (Raleigh), The Fayetteville Observer, The Daily Progress (Raleigh), The North Carolinian (Wilmington), The Herald of the Union (Wilmington), The North Carolina Times (Newbern), The North Carolina Advertiser (Raleigh), The Iredell Express (Statesville).

Incomplete sets of Virginia and South Carolina papers, 1861,1865:

The Charleston Courier, The Daily Express (Petersburg, Va.), The Richmond Examiner, The Richmond Enquirer, The Richmond Whig, The Daily Dispatch (Richmond), The Richmond Sentinel, The Day Book (Norfolk), The Central Presbyterian (Richmond).

The Charleston Courier for 1866 is complete.

Gifts to the library in recent years covering the war period which will be supplemented by this collection are those of General Julian S. Carr, Mrs. J. L. Bridgers, Mrs. H. M. Flagler, Judge Henry Bryan, and Mr. John Sprunt Hill. Through these, and the regular acquisitions made by the library over a long period of years, the University has laid the foundation of what Prof. W. A. Dunning ,of the department of history at Columbia University, recently declared might easily become the finest collection of Civil war material to be found outside the library of Congress.

ROBESON TEACHER SHOT

Unknown Person Tries Skill With Pistol on Mr. W. F. Livingstone.

Mr. John A. Livingstone, city editor of The Morning Star, learned yesterday that his brother, Mr W. F. Livingstone, principal of the Gaddysville public school in Robeson county, was shot from ambush on Wednesday morning and painfully, though not seriously, wounded in the left leg. Two shots were fired at Mr. Livingstone, the first narrowly missing his head. The shooting took place in the woods back of the school house, where some one seems to have been lying in wait for the teacher.

The Robeson teacher is a young man, formerly connected with the Lumberton Robesonian for some months as local reporter, and has been teaching at Gaddysville, a few miles below Fairmont, during the winter. The shooting is thought to have been due to recent troubles growing out of the expulsion of several pupils, from the school. The Robeson authorities are investigating the shooting.

CONGRATULATE DR. PRIDGEN

Wilmington Masons Return From Meeting of Grand Lodge in Raleigh.

The Wilmington friends of Dr. C. L. Pridgen, who returned yesterday from Raleigh, where he attended the 129th annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Masons of North Carolina, have been gratified to learn of his election as Deputy Grand Master for the ensuing year. Dr. Pridgen has long been an ardent Mason and has served in all the chairs of the Grand Lodge with the exception of Grand Master and is now in line for election to this office at the next communication of this body.

Others from Wilmington who attended the meeting of the Grand Lodge were: Mr. A. S. Huggins, senior warden; Mr. J. H. Mitchell, past master, and Mr. A. S. Holden, secretary of St. John's Lodge and a member of the credentials committee of the Grand Lodge.

—Rev. M. T. Plyler and Rev. W. V. McRae returned yesterday from Fayetteville, where they attended the meeting of the Federation of Wesley Bible classes.

NEGRO DENIES THE CHARGE

Harry Bowden Disclaims Having Intended to Snatch Purse From Plainsclothesman Frank George.

Harry Bowden, the big six-foot negro, who fell a victim to Plainsclothesman Frank George Wednesday night while the latter was playing the role of a fashionable young woman, dressed in the latest and most up-to-date feminine apparel, entered a vigorous denial yesterday before Recorder Brooke G. Empie, that he had intended to snatch the purse which the officer in disguise was dangling temptingly from his hand with the special object of enticing would-be purse snatchers.

The negro was taken in tow at Third and Orange streets by Officer George and marched to the police station. Officer George told the court about his encounter with the negro, and about having been followed by the latter, and upon reaching the corner of Third and Orange said that the man attempted to take his purse, whereupon he whipped out his gun, placed him under arrest and marched him to the police station.

Bowden testified that the officer had treated him roughly on the way to the police station but this was denied by several witnesses who saw the negro while en route in charge of the officer.

Recorder Empie postponed judgment until today and ordered that the negro furnish a bond of $250, which he was unable to do and he was committed to jail. Bowden is charged with an attempt to commit larceny from the person.

Willie Sheridan, a colored boy, who was charged with tieing a horse and leaving him in the cold on the street all night, was found not guilty as it appeared he had done this to accomodate another person. Nat Cash, colored, was taxed with the costs for an assault, it being alleged that he threw water in the face of a customer in a barber shop, where the negro was working as a helper.

A case against Mr. S. F. Staff, charged with violating the tax ordinance, was dismissed and judgment was continued in a case against the Wilmington Lumber Company and Mr. Alex. Boone, charged with a similar offense.

At the request of the police a nol pros with leave was entered in cases for vagrancy against Pet Wells and James Eddy, both colored.

Eddie Burch, colored, who is suspected by the police of being the negro wanted in Marion, S. C., on a charge of murder, is to be tried today on a charge of vagrancy. He is being held in the city prison. The police had heard nothing yesterday from the Marion authorities.

MUST REMOVE ANTENNA

Further Restrictions as to Wireless Apparatus on Belligerent Ships.

Col. Walker Taylor, collector of customs for the port of Wilmington, has received instruction from Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels to lower the antenna of wireless apparatus on the vessels of belligerent nations, coming to this port, and to disconnect it from the radio station of the vessel. The wireless anenna is to remain disconnected as long as belligerent vessels are within the limits of the port.

Following are the rules to be enforced by the collector of the port:

"1. Lower antenna of radio installation to deck and disconnect it from the radio station of the ship.

"2. The receiving and transmitting apparatus shall be sealed by an officer of the United States.

"3. The antenna shall remain lowered and disconnected and the apparatus remain sealed during the time the vessel remains within the limits of the port, unless repairs to such apparatus are necessary, the necessity and extent of such repairs being made known to the naval officials immediately charged with the inspection, so far as relates to neutrality requirements, of the vessel's radio apparatus.

"4. Permission to hoist and connect the antenna and to break the seals necessary to have the radio installation in operating condition on clearing the limits of the port must be obtained from the collector of the port.

"Approved:

"JOSEPHUS DANIELS,

"Secretary of the Navy."

MANAGER OF NEWMAN'S

Mr. H. M. Swann, of Charlotte, Takes Position With Leading Cafe.

Mr. H. M. Swann, of Charlotte, has arrived in Wilmington and taken charge as manager of Newman's Cafe, on Princess street, Mr. J. T. Newman, Sr., the proprietor, to give his time in future only to the general supervision of the business.

Mr. Swann comes with a number of successful years' experience to his credit, having a practical knowledge of the business in all its departments. He was with the Clegg Hotel, Greensboro, for four years, and was for a number of years with the Gem Restaurant, in Charlotte. He will be cordially welcomed to his new post by patrons of the well known cafe.

MR. SPRUNT TO SPEAK.

Well Known Business Man to Address Boys at Meeting Tomorrow.

The second of a series of addresses to the boys of the Y. M. C. A. at the Sunday afternoon meetings will be made tomorrow afternoon by Mr. W. H. Sprunt, a well known business man of this city. The addresses are along the lines of selecting a vocation and Mr. Sprunt will speak on "Business." The address will be one of much interest. Next Sunday afternoon Mr. D. L. Gore will speak on "Industrial Life."

OUR YOUNG WOMEN

are so often subject to headache—are languid, pale and nervous—because their blood is thin or insufficient. They are not really sick and hesitate to complain, but they lack that ambition and vivacity which is their birthright. They do not need drugs—but do need the tonic and nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that makes richer blood, fills hollow cheeks, suppresses nervousness and establishes strength. Nourishment alone makes blood and Scott's Emulsion is the essence of concentrated nourishment, free from wines, alcohols or opiates.

If mother or daughter is frail, pale or nervous, give her Scott's for one month and see the betterment. It has a wholesome, "nutty" flavor. Avoid substitutes. At any drug store.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 15-24

The Gateway to Success

and Opportunty is Open to Everyone. Have you entered it? Or have you let the Opportunity Go By, with the hope of catching another one? Be careful, or the next Opportunity will slip by you, also. Don't let another week go by. Get Ready. Open a Savings Account Here, and enter the gateway to success. It's the best and surest way to attain wealth.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

SAW NOTHING OF NEGRO

Sheriff Cowan and Officers Make Search for Castle Haynes Robber.

Sheriff Cowan returned to the city yesterday morning at 5 o'clock without having found any trace of the negro who entered a store at Castle Haynes in which Mr. J. W. Winders was sleeping and, upon the latter having been aroused, grabbed a gun in the hands of the latter, knocked Mr. Winders down and then attempted to shoot him. Sheriff Cowan was accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Kelly and County Officer H. Mack Godwin. Policemen guarded all entrances into the city after the robbery was reported, soon after its occurrence at midnight, but saw nothing of any negro.

Previous to entering the store, the negro had entered the postoffice and railroad station but the only things missed were 50 pennies and two quarts of whiskey. The negro was plainly discernible in the bright moonlight by Mr. Winders and he thinks that he was about six feet tall, well proportioned, wore a hunting coat and was of a ginger cake color.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday in the office of the Register of Deeds: Sigmond Bear to R. A. King, for $1,000 and other consideration, lot on north side of Chestnut street, 48 1-2 feet west of Fourth, 45 by 71 feet in size; George B. Applewhite and Solomon Sternberger to H. L. Herring, for $10 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of Twelfth and Meares street, 33 by 99 feet in size.

Services at St. Andrew's.

Because of the absence of the pastor, Rev. A. D. McClure, who is out of the city, the services tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be conducted by Rev. H. W. Koelling. The evening services at 7:30 will be conducted by the young people and will be held in the lecture room. All are cordially invited to attend.

On Trust Company Roll of Honor For Year 1915

This Company Stands

1st in the City

1st in the County

1st in the State

2nd in the South

41st in the entire United States

"A place on the Roll of Honor is like a man's character: It is something money cannot buy, but is won by merit and worth alone."

In all trust matters, we are prepared to serve you efficiently and promptly.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest Wilmington Bank.

Our Art Department

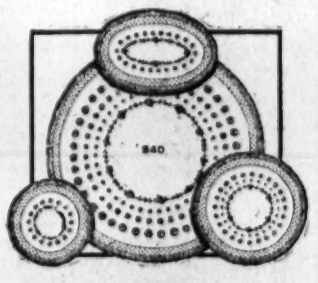
Grows More Popular Every Day

Not a day passes now that we do not see new faces; faces that have not been in the habit of coming here for art; but the fact is, we have now the most complete line of Art Goods in Eastern North Carolina. Every new thing that comes out is immediately added to our lines.

531—Scarf and Pincushion Set stamped and tinted on white "needle weave" for satin, outlined and loop stitch embroidery in yellow, black, pink, blue or white—price **75c.**

540—15 Piece Luncheon Set—Stamped and tinted with light blue dots on white "needle weave" for pink, green, yellow and white embroidery. Consist of one 20-in. centerpiece, six 6-in. and six 9-in. doylies, with two 6x10 Ovals, all in one package. The high grade material, dainty design and completeness of this set make it especially desirable—Price for the set, **$1.00.**

491—Corset Cover—Made up of white Nainsook and enough Floss to finish garment—Price **50c.**



PINK NAINSOOK UNDERWEAR

One of the new features made of beautiful flesh pink Nainsook. All made up, stamped and ready to embroider. Corset Covers, **48c;** Gowns, **98c,** Combinations, **98c** Vest, **75c.**

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

210- 212 NORTH FRONT STREET.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Taitner, of Winston-Salem, were registered at The Orton yesterday.

* * *

Miss Jettie Bridger, of Bladenboro, is here visiting Mrs. H. B. Sedberry, No. 510 South Front street.

* * *

Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Mr. Silas Sheetz has returned to Wilmington after a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Sheetz."

* * *

The wreath committee of the Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, appointed to serve for the month, is composed of Mrs. M. J. Hammond and Mrs. F. L. Huggins.

* * *

Mrs. Boyden R. Sparks and little daughter, Betty, who spent several weeks with Mrs. Sparks' mother, Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, have returned to their home in Chicago, Ill.

* * *

DELIGHTFUL RECEPTION AT GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

The annual reception of the Epworth League of Grace Methodist church last evening, which was given in the Sunday School rooms of the church, was a most delightful affair and was largely attended. The reception last night was given particularly for the purpose of giving the church members and especially the young people the opportunity of meeting and becoming better acquainted with the new pastor, Rev. M. T. Plyler and Mrs. Plyler.

A delightful musical programme was rendered and those giving selections had to respond to encores. Miss Lila Williams played a piano solo that was very much enjoyed while Mrs. Meares Harriss captivated her audience with a charming violin solo. Mrs. Howard B. Branch gave a delightful reading. The duet by Mr. Spaven and Miss Warren was another pleasing feature.

Delicious refreshments were served. The decorations were especially attractive.

* * *

METHODIST WOMEN HOLDING BUSY SESSIONS AT KINSTON

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 21.—The Woman's Missionary Society of the North Carolina Methodist Conference is holding three sessions a day in Queen Street Methodist church here. Officers and delegates to the number of nearly 200 and hundreds of local women have attended the sessions today. The initial roll call showed about a hundred visitors present, but the number was greatly increased at last night's and this morning's sessions. The Elizabeth City, Durham, Fayetteville, New Bern, Raleigh, Rockingham, Warrenton, Washington and Wilmington districts are rep[illegible]d.

Mrs. R. B. John, of Smithfield, the president, in making her annual report to the society reviewed the excellent work of the past year and encouraged the members to a sincere endeavor during the present year. All the district secretaries made very satisfactory reports.

Last night Miss Elizabeth Lamb, for the past ten years a missionary in Brazil, spoke for an hour to the conference on the Brazilian field and its future. Other missionaries and mission workers are to address the society during remaining two days of the conference.

* * *

AFFAIRS OF INTEREST IN MOUNT OLIVE SOCIAL CIRCLES

Mount Olive, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Robert A. McLean was hostess to the Twentieth Century Club Friday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. At the roll call each member responded with some current event concerning Germany, the club's study at present being German life.

After the business and study, the hostess reversed the order of things and first served an ice course in the form of a contest, which, though chilly sounding, indeed, proved anything else, for it thoroughly warmed up the guests and caused them to put on their thinking caps. Assisted by her daughter, Miss Kathren, the hostess then served a salad course, followed by tea and sandwiches.

Quite a delightful social affair in the form of a "church social" was held at the Methodist church Friday from 7 until 9 o'clock. A committee of ladies welcomed the guests at the front door and, after showing them seats, they were entertained for a short while by an especially prepared musical programme, rendered by the church choir, assisted by Miss L. C. Doles, of the graded school faculty. The pastor, Rev. James H. Frizelle, made a short, informal talk, urging all present to "have a good time," advice which was surely heeded. Mr. R. L. Kornegay, in behalf of the Sunday school, and Mr. Madrid Loftin, for the Epworth League, made short talks.

Mrs. H. H. Johnson, of Raleigh, has been spending several days with her father, Mr. F. M. Southerland.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall D. Kornegay have gone to Jacksonville, Fla., where they will for several weeks be the guests of their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Taylor.

Mesdames E. N. Ricks and Fred R. Mintz attended the annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Conference of the Methodist church, in session at Kinston this week.

REBUILD AND ENLARGE GARAGE

Contract Let for Rebuilding Lassiter-McDuffie Headquarters on Second Street—Plans, Etc.

According to plans and specifications prepared by Mr. B. H. Stephens, the architect, the contract was awarded this week by Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., the owner, to Mr. J. G. Ostermann for the rebuilding and material enlargement of the two-story brick building at 114 North Second street, which was practically destroyed by fire shortly before the recent holidays.

The plans as drawn by Mr. Stephens call for one of the largest and most commodious garages and salesroom in the State and the entire building will be occupied by the Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc., agents for the Hudson, Studebaker and Maxwell cars, which firm since the fire has had headquarters at MacMillan's garage with offices in the building next door occupied by the City Livery Company. The building will be completely overhauled as it now stands on the lot and in addition all the lot formerly occupied by Mr. Leo Little as a repair shop in the rear, will be covered by a substantial brick building constructed especially to meet the requirements of a first class garage. There will be one main entrance in front through to the rear of the enlarged building and a double door entrance at the back, making the place readily accessible either from Second street or from the public alley which runs through the block between Second and Third streets.

Concrete floors will be laid throughout and for the repair department on the second floor a runway from the first to second floor will be constructed so that cars may be run immediately to the shop from the first floor instead of being lifted by elevator as formerly. Added illumination and ventilation will be given from a system of skylights in the roof, both in the old and new part of the structure. Brick construction will be used throughout and the building will be one of the best in the city.

On the first or main floor, the plans call for special store rooms and a splendid arrangement of offices for the executive heads of the firm which will occupy it. Messrs. C. W. Lassiter and Neal O. McDuffie will be in general charge of the business as heretofore, though the repair department will be under possibly separate management.

Work was begun this week on clearing off the site and Mr. MacMillan states that the work of rebuilding will begin just as soon as possible in order that the firm may be ready in its new location by the spring, when there is always a more or less impetus in the automobile business South. The work involves the expenditure of several thousand dollars.

FOUR GERMANS ADMITTED.

Escaped Prisoners of War Fulfill Immigration Requirements.

Calais, Me., Jan. 20.—Four alleged German prisoners of war who escaped from a detention camp at Amherst, N. S., and were detained here yesterday after crossing the border, were formally admitted to the United States today. A board of special inquiry which gave them a hearing to determine their right to enter the country decided they were able to fulfill the immigration requirements. The men who gave their names as Gustave Hartwig, William Schroeder, George Kleinworth, and Hans Neu said they planned to leave tomorrow for New York.

Chester, Pa., Jan. 21.—A ten per cent. advance in the wages of its weavers was announced today by the Aberfoyle Manufacturing Company. More than one thousand are affected by the increase.

HANSON AGAIN LOSES MATCH

"Unknown" Wrestler Won Two Falls Out of Three in Superb Contest—Large Crowd Atten[illegible]s.

Leo Pardello's masked wrestler defeated Fritz Hanson, of Wilmington, for the second time within a week when he took the last two falls of a finish match at Woolvin Hall last night, after the game little Swede had won the first fall in eleven minutes. The second fall went for 53 minutes and the last for 11 minutes, the unknown grappler winning each with a head scissors and arm lock against which all of Hanson's science, strength and skill availed him nothing. The match was for a purse of $300 and 75 per cent. of the net gate receipts, and it was witnessed by the largest crowd, in all probability, ever attending a wrestling match in Wilmington. The attendance was estimated at between 600 and 700.

Coming as it does on top of Hanson's defeat by the "Unknown" in a single fall match Friday night a week ago, the masked one's victory over Hanson last night has borne home to the local fans the fact that at last the wonderful little local man has met his match, for now, all except a few of Hanson's most loyal supporters are forced to concede that Pardello's man of mystery is the local man's superior both in strength and speed, though even the most critical will still contend that when it comes to science Hanson has a shade the better of the argument.

But those who have seen the two men in their three matches here are of the opinion that the sting of defeat need not rankle Hanson so much in this instance, for without a doubt his opponent is one wrestler among a thousand, and when his identity is finally known here they are confident that his name will be that of probably the foremost welterweight in the wrestling game.

And while all of Hanson's friends here—and their name is legion—were sorry to see him lose last night, their disappointment was lessened by the fact that they were privileged to witness one of the most exciting tests of strength, science and endurance that was ever staged on any wrestling mat.

During the first fall, and for the greater part of the second fall, Hanson was the aggressor, and it was not until a few minutes before his masked opponent pinned him down after 53 minutes of hard work in the second fall that he was forced to take the defensive. The "Unknown" was the aggressor most of the time during the third fall.

When the match opened it was apparent in a few minutes that Hanson was working in much better form than on last Friday night, and for a time—in fact all during the first fall and part of the second—his speed made the other man appear almost slow in comparison. And at the end of 11 minutes, when Hanson pinned his man to the mat with a beautiful head scissors and arm lock, his victory brought down the house, and many looked forward to seeing him win the match.

Just when the tide turned in favor of the masked grappler during the second fall would be hard to say, for certainly the first part of the longest fall of the match was all in Hanson's favor. Time and again Hanson would maneuver his man into holds and locks that promised to bring the match to a speedy end, only to have him come out of them in wonderful spurts of defensive tactics. And then, along toward the end of the 53 minutes, so gradually that the crowd was hardly aware of it, the man of mystery assumed the aggressive—whether due to a let down in Hanson's speed or an increase in his own even the most observant would be hard to decide—and it was Hanson's turn to display a wonderful ability to break his opponent's holds. But the deadly combination of a head scissors and arm lock—a variation of the same fall that had wrought his opponent undoing for the first fall—proved too much for him at last, and the men left the ring with a fall to the credit of each.

By agreement the wrestlers took a 20-minutes intermission between the second and third falls, and both were pretty well refreshed when they began the last and deciding fall. At the start Hanson was the aggressor, but after a few minutes his opponent was meeting his attacks so swiftly and skilfully that the audience could hadly tell when the advantage ceased to lie with Hanson and was instead with the othe man. Toward the last Hanson risked an inside crotch and neck hold and picked his opponent up bodily, hurling him at the mat. The man of mystery broke the fall by bridging, and taking advantage of the opening offered him, terminated the match by pinning Hanson down with another head scissors and arm lock.

Max Schmidt, a clever light heavyweight who wrestled Bull Montana here several weeks ago, refereed the match last night, presiding to the entire satisfaction of all the fans.

It was announced from the ring that a return match between Montana and Schmidt had been arranged for next Friday night. Montana won the other match, but Schmidt was not in condition at that time, and as he has been doing some hard training since then, and is in much better form, he is confident of winning from the big Italian.

The identity of the masked grappler who has won two matches from Hanson remains a mystery to the fans here, with the possible exception of a very few. Many still think him to be Young Monday, the clever Italian welterweight champion; others believe him to be George LaRue, while still others think neither of these guesses is right. A few of the fans claim to have inside dope as to his identity, but they say that their information is strictly confidential, and that they are not at liberty to pass it on.

But on one point they are all agreed. He is some wrestler.

New York, Jan. 21.—James Johnson, manager of Madison Square Garden, announced tonight an offer of $35,000 to Jess Willard and $20,000 to Frank Moran for a ten round boxing match here in March.

BIG AUTOMOBILE QUARTERS

Mr. H. L. Fennell Leases Large Quarters on Second Street For Garage and Salesroom.

That Mr. H. L. Fennell, the well known Franklin and Overland automobile dealer, No. 111 Chestnut street, had leased for a term of years that splendid property at Nos. 105, 107 and 109 North Second street, and that after it is remodeled and rebuilt into one of the largest and most up-to-date garages in the State, it will be occupied by him after March 1st, was announced in real estate circles yesterday.

The building now on the site is occupied by the Capps-Griffith Plumbing Company and the Wilmington Bowling Alley Co., of which Mr. J. W. Capps is manager, and Mr. Fennell's lease for a term of years is from Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., the owner, who will rebuild the entire property to meet Mr. Fennell's requirements for a first-class salesroom, repair shop and storage. It is not known as yet who will occupy the quarters now occupied by Mr. Fennell, on Chestnut street, but the Capps-Griffith Plumbing Company will remove to No. 15 North Second street, now occupied by Mr. H. E. Longley, the plumbing contractor, who will remove his business to a new location being fitted up for him, south of the Wilmington Steam Laundry, on South Front street. Mr. J. W. Capps is undecided as to the removal of the bowling alleys, but it is said to be not unlikely that they may be removed to Hopewell, Va., and opened possibly under Mr. Capps' management.

The property leased by Mr. Fennell is on Wilmington's "Automobile Row" and is ideally situated for the purpose to which it will be put. Since opening on Chestnut street, Mr. Fennell has constantly felt the need of more room and in the new location, he will have ample space for offices, an up-to-date sales and show room, second to none in the State, while there will be room for repairs and for storage, it being Mr. Fennell's purpose to give attention especially to storage and service and to keep the place open to the public at all hours of the day and night.

The lease as signed yesterday with Mr. MacMillan calls for a complete remodeling of the present comparatively new building on the premises. Solid plate glass windows will be put in, especially for the salesroom, and the entire front will be remodeled to meet the requirements of a general automobile business.

As agent in this territory for the world-famous Franklin car and the Overland in the more popular price machine, with the opening of spring a move from his present quarters was imperative and had it been necessary for him to build to suit his needs, he could not have done better than the building which he has secured.

Mr. Fennell will also have as a department of his enlarged business a complete stock and store room for his accessories and supplies of which he carries an unusually up-to-date line for all machines. Work on the necessary changes to the new building will begin as soon as possible and will be rushed to as speedy completion as possible after March 1st.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Mr. Hardy Haar, of th People's Supply Co., has arranged a most attractive window display from this concern at their store on South Front street. It advertises a line of well known pickles and vinegar and was arranged by the artistic blending of colored salts.

—That Alice Williams, colored, had stolen two skirts from her home was the complaint made at the police station last night by Carolina Jones, a blind colored woman, who swore out a warrant. Policemen W. T. Hansley and W. H. Kermon arrested the Williams woman and she will be tried before the Recorder today.

—The vacant store building on North Front street adjoining the Trust building was to have been sold under foreclosure proceedings by the Murchison National Bank yesterday at noon but there being no bid that was considered large enough the structure was not knocked down and will likely be sold at a private sale. The highest bid was for $24,000 by Mr. J. J. McLoughlin. The store was formerly occupied by the Holmes Grocery Company.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. L. H. Smith, of Liberty, was regestered at The Orton yesterday.

—C. Ed Taylor, Esq., of Southport, was in the city on professional business yesterday.

—Mr. Iver Robertson, of Fayetteville, was registered at the Hotel Wilmington last night.

—Messrs. G. T. Morgan and James Stevens, of Council's, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. R. F. Williams, of Roseboro, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Capt. W. H. Newell, of Rocky Mount, superintendent of the first division of the Atlantic Coast Line, was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

—Joseph W. Little, Esq., returned yesterday from a trip through Bladen and Columbus counties in the interest of his Congressional candidacy.

—Mr. T. A. Green, proprietor of the Hotel Wilmington, has returned from a business trip to Spartanburg and other points in South Carolina.

—Yesterday's Fayetteville Observer: "Mr. Thomas Overby, son of the late John Overby, of Wilmington, is in the city on a visit to his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Overby."

—Lumberton Robesonian: "Mr. C. C. Covington, of Wilmington, was in Lumberton yesterday to attend the meetings of the stockholders of the Dresden and Jennings cotton mills."

—Mr. G. T. Hines, who was called to Wilmington on account of the illness and subsequent death of his mother, Mrs. W. H. Hines, and who has since been spending several weeks with the family at their home, No. 706 Nixon street, will leave this morning for Montreal, Can., where he has been for several years connected with the G. & W. Telegraph service.

ARRANGE POLO GROUNDS

Series of Contests for New Inter-Circuit Cup Offered by Association.

New York, Jan. 21.—The executive committee of the Polo Association is arranging for a series of matches to be held this season for the new inter-circuit cup offered by the association. These matches are expected to arouse almost as much interest as the international contests. If this series of matches is successful the competition will be held annually in different parts of the country and the club winning the trophy will hold it for one year only as the champion polo team of the United States. The Southern circuit cup will be played for this year at Camden, S. C., beginning March 18.

Prescribed by doctors for twenty years

Heal your skin with Resinol

NO matter how long you have been tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin humors, just put a little of that soothing, antiseptic Resinol Ointment on the sores and the suffering stops right there! Healing begins that very minute, and in almost every case your skin gets well quickly, easily and at little cost.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. Prescribed for 20 years.

FAMILY AVOIDS SERIOUS SICKNESS

By Being Constantly Supplied With Thedford's Black-Draught.

McDuff, Va.—"I suffered for several years," says Mrs. J. B. Whittaker, of this place, "with sick headache, and stomach trouble.

Ten years ago a friend told me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, which I did, and I found it to be the best family medicine for young and old.

I keep Black-Draught on hand all the time now, and when my children feel a little bad, they ask me for a dose, and it does them more good than any medicine they ever tried.

We never have a long spell of sickness in our family, since we commenced using Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught is purely vegetable, and has been found to regulate weak stomachs, aid digestion, relieve indigestion, colic, wind, nausea, headache, sick stomach, and similar symptoms.

It has been in constant use for more than 70 years, and has benefited more than a million people.

Your druggist sells and recommends Black-Draught. Price only 25c. Get a package to-day. N. C. 123

SOROSIS

Business Men's Carnival

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

MONDAY, TUEDAY and WEDNESDAY NIGHTS, JANUARY 24th, 25th, 26th

325——PEOPLE——325

Reserved Seats—75 cents.
General Admission—50 cents.

Chart for reserving seats now open at Plummer's.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 998 WILMINGTON, N. C.

Armour's STAR THE HAM WHAT AM

In the Stockinet Covering

An exclusive Armour feature. Patent applied for.

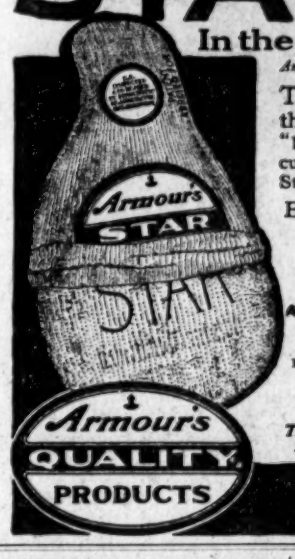
The rich deliciousness of the natural flavor and the spicy "bouquet" of the famous mild Star cure are retained for you by the Stockinet Covering.

Buy the whole ham and remove the Stockinet yourself. If your dealer can't supply you by slice or whole ham, phone us his name.

ARMOUR & COMPANY

R. F. CAMPBELL, Mgr.,
Wilmington, N. C.
'Phone 85

There's an Armour Oval Label Store near you.



The Oval Label line is the standard by which to judge all food products.

The Oval Label also identifies
Star Bacon
Cloverbloom Butter
Devonshire Farm Sausage
Glendale Oleomargarine (Natural Color)
Silver Churn Oleomargarine (White)
"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard
Armour's Grape Juice
And over 100 Delicious Foods

Why Go Farther

When you can get just what you want RIGHT HERE?

Everything in the Drug Store line

We are pulling for the 200,000 number of prescriptions we have handled.

We are the ORIGINAL "Prescription Specialists" and doctors and patients show their confidence in our ability and accuracy by bringing or sending their prescriptions to US to handle. Those who have not been bringing their Prescriptions to us are cordially invited to do so.

PURITY, ACCURACY and ABILITY are what we bank our reputation on.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

Graduate in Pharmacy and Prescription Specialists.

Flour Special

Argo,
Utopia,
Piedmont,
Puritan,
Stock's Patent,
Non Pareil,
Queen's Patent,
Diadem,

Write for special selling plan on above brands

Love & Woody

Wholesale Grocers.

To All of Our Friends we wish a Pleasant Christmas and Prosperous New Year

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

KRYPTOK LENSES

are a comfort and convenience everywhere. Near and far-sight in one lens. No disfiguring seams to blur your vision and accentuate your age. Would be pleased to show them to you.

Spectacles and Eyeglasses correctly fitted to your eyes for $1 and up.

We Grind Lenses While You Wait.
EYES EXAMINED FREE

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Just before Christmas this bank distributed to patrons of our Christmas Saving Fund about TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS in cash.

This method of saving for Christmas has become so popular that the entire edition of 1916 was sold out within a few days after the opening and many of our good friends desiring to open these accounts were unable to do so.

To these we suggest that practically the same result may be attained by opening accounts in our Regular Savings Department and making weekly deposits. We shall be pleased to open such accounts.

We heartily appreciate the liberal patronage our Christmas Savings Fund has received and thank our many friends for their support, which has enabled us to make this NEW METHOD OF SAVING a Tremendous Success.

It is the purpose of this bank to help people save money, and to encourage them in their efforts to get ahead.

We Invite Accounts.

Small deposits are cheerfully received—we want them because they usually grow into big accounts.

Right now, at the beginning of the New Year, is the time to start and make 1916 the biggest, best and happiest year of your life.

Begin to Boost yourself this year.

A Bank Account will do it.

Home Savings Bank

Front and Chestnut Streets

Wire Fencing, Wire Nails, Barbwire Fencing
Plain and Black Wire---All Sizes

We are now receiving Three (3) Carloads of the Above Wire Products. Can't say when we will be able to get any more. Question of getting goods now, not a price.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

PURCELL BUILDING WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE IRON MEN

THE "IRON MEN" WISH ALL THEIR FRIENDS A PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR—1916. LET US HELP YOU TO MAKE IT ONE.

BEST PRICES ON IRON STEEL AND MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS

ORANGE AND WATER STS. "THE IRON MEN"

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel,
Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON PRICES STEADIER

Liquidation Renewed at Opening But Selling Was Less Active—General Advance of 8 to 13 Points.

New York, Jan. 21.—There was a renewal of scattering liquidation at the opening of the cotton market here today but the selling was much less active than earlier in the week and prices steadied up, with March advancing from 12.18 to 12.32 and closing at 12.31. The general list closed steady at a net advance of 8 to 13 points.

Liverpool did not meet yesterday's local decline but after opening four points under last night's closing figures with May contracts touching 12.42, July 12.57 and October 12.52. The differences between New York and Liverpool widened to within 7 or 10 points of the recent record on this decline and houses with Liverpool connections were buyers of March and July. This, combined with local trade buying of the near months, served to check the decline and as soon as it was seen that less long cotton was coming on the market some of the recent sellers turned for cover. The demand was not general or particularly active but there was comparatively little cotton for sale, while the advance was encouraged by the talking of bullish ginning figures, bullish spot advices from the South and rumors that many of the contracts recently liquidated had been taken out of the market by trade interests or spinners. Prices gradually worked higher in consequence with May selling up to 12.57, July to 12.69 and October to 12.69 in the last trading. The close was in a point or two of best. Private cables reported a quiet market in Liverpool with an improved tone and there were a number of private reports from the South claiming that spot holders had withdrawn offerings at the decline with a moderate demand in evidence from domestic spinners or exporters for low grades. It was reported that private ginnings returns indicated a ginning of only 107,000 bales between January 1 and 16 which would point to a total ginning of about 10,751,742 bales prior to January 16 compared with 14,915,850 last year and 11,253,147 bales in the comparatively small crop year of 1910-11. Exports for the day were only 236 bales, making 2,268,619 so far this season. Port receipts today 39,444 bales. United States port stocks 1,767,665 bales.

Closed steady:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Jan.	12.10	12.16	12.07	12.16
March	12.25	12.33	12.18	12.31
May	12.49	12.57	12.42	12.55
July	12.61	12.69	12.57	12.68
October	12.55	12.69	12.52	12.67
Dec.	12.47	12.84	12.47	12.81

Spot cotton steady: Middling upland 12.30. Sales 1,000 bales.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 12.13; receipts 5,267; exports 1; sales 2,460; stock 447,317.

Galveston—Middling 12.40; receipts 7,064; sales 805; stock 375,676.

Mobile—Middling 11.75; receipts 490; sales 75; stock 24,195.

Savannah—Middling 12.25; receipts 2,615; sales 112; stock 226,155.

Charleston—Middling 12.00; receipts 787; stock 96,769.

Wilmington—Receipts 506; stock 47,203.

Texas City—Receipts 4,710.

Norfolk—Middling 11.88; receipts 1,597; sales 605; stock 129,706.

Baltimore—Receipts 445; stock 3,167.

Boston—Middling 12.20; receipts 1,083; stock 11,589.

Philadelphia—Middling 12.25; stock 3,554.

New York—Middling 12.30; sales 1,000; stock 331,581.

Minor Ports—Receipts 8,696; exports 235; stock 68,539.

Total today—Receipts 33,259; exports 236; stock 1,765,454.

Total for week—Receipts 149,888; exports 54,521.

Total for season—Receipts 4,662,030; exports 2,630,993.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 12.40; receipts 3,242; shipments 2,783; sales 1,424; stock 221,882.

Memphis—Middling 12.25; receipts 2,586; shipments 4,213; sales 1,150; stock 234,115.

Augusta—Middling 12.00; receipts 1,005; shipments 1,869; sales 634; stock 195,808.

St. Louis—Middling 12¾; receipts 9,245; shipments 9,245; stock 18,625.

Cincinnati—Receipts 958; shipments 1,340; stock 17,597.

Little Rock—Middling 12.38; receipts 530; shipments 813; sales 813; stock 40,287.

Dallas—Middling 11.80; sales 78.

Montgomery—Middling 11.75.

Total today—Receipts 17,566; shipments 20,263; stock 830,314.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Jan. 21.—Turpentine firm, 55; sales 50; receipts 96; shipments 225; stock 14,529.

Rosin—Firm; sales 969; receipts 788; shipments 2,402; stock 66,992. Quote: A B C D, 5.40; E, 5.50; F G H I, 5.60; K, 6.00; M, 6.30; N, 6.50; WG, 7.00; WW, 7.25.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Market Stronger With Prices Standing at Net Gain for the Day.

New Orleans, Jan. 21.—After a short period of weakness in the early trading the cotton market showed firmness today and mounted to high levels, standing at a net gain of 12 to 15 points at the best. Little of the bear pressure of the preceding week was in evidence, which caused bullish traders to claim that the market was oversold. It was quite generally stated that the technical position of the market had improved as the result of recent liquidation and the aggressive short selling which has recently featured the trading. The market closed at a net gain of 11 to 14 points.

Better cables than due caused an improvement of 2 to 4 points in the first few minutes of trading, but this was quickly wiped out by a burst of selling and the more active months were sent a point under the close of yesterday. Sellers of yesterday commenced to realize at this level and their buying quickly assumed larger proportions than the [illegible] supply. The market improved and held a steady undertone throughout the remainder of the session.

Closed steady. Closing bid: January 11.81 asked March 12.15, May 12.44, July 12.53, October 12.56, December 12.[illegible]

Spot steady. Sales on the spot 1,825 bales; to arrive 5[illegible]. Middling 12.13.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF COTTON

Market Unsettled With Considerable Drop in Prices—Selling Attributed to Liquidation.

New York, Jan. 21.—The cotton market has been unsettled during the past week with prices declining under more or less general selling. July contracts, for instance, have sold down to 12.53 or nearly $2.50 per bale under the high level reached on the early month advance and about 78 points from the high price of last December. The rumors circulating earlier in the month that the British government was likely for considerable scattered buying on the recent advance. Much of this week's selling has been attributed to liquidation owing to the failure of these rumors to materialize and a tendency to increase estimates of the cotton likely to be carried forward in this country owing to the continued difficulties of the shipping situation. The somewhat easier ruling of the Liverpool market, notwithstanding a continued decrease in the stocks held at that point, has also had its effect on sentiment, and the bearish view of the situation appeared to be encouraged yesterday by private cables that new crop preparations were making active progress in Egypt pointing to a large acreage. Some traders, indeed, seemed to take this as foreshadowing the probable attitude of planters in the South, owing to the better prices which have prevailed this season as compared with last, and bearish sentiment has been based largely upuon expectations of increased spot offerings with the nearer approach of the planting season. Offerings became less active today, however, and prices rallied several points from the lowest on covering accompanied by reports that Southern spot had withdrawn offerings at the decline and that a considerable part of the cotton sold here during the week had been taken out of the market by trade interests of spinners. Reports from the domestic trade have been continued actively and Southern advices had reported a demand from both domestic spinners and in the interior spot markets during the week, particularly in the case of law grades. Private ginning returns are said to show a ginning of only 107,000 bales for the first half of the month, or the smallest on record for that period.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,239 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Keil (Ger.), 2,372 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—54¼.

ROSIN—$5.40, $5.30.

TAR—$2.10-8½c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.75, $3.75, $2.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 43c.; rosin, $3.05; tar, $1.50-7c; crude nominal.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	(—)
Tar	25
Crude Turpentine	(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine 5 casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 235 barrels; crude turpentine, 11 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12c. Quotations same day last year, 8½c.

Receipts—451 bales; same day last year, 1,224 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 143,571 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 121,218 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 21, 1916.

Atlantic Coast Line—381 bales cotton; 14 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—70 bales cotton. Str. Thelma—2 barrels tar.

River—9 barrels tar.

Total—451 bales cotton; 25 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 21.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 50c to 55c per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—80c to 90c.

CORN—$1.75 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c; good demand.

PORK—Small, 9@10c per pound.

SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c; lambs, 3@5c lb.

WOOL—Burry, 19 to 28c; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c; dry flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 22c; sdeis and shouiders, 16c per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 15c to 18c per pound, alive; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—25c dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 21.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 84c.; No. 1, machine picked, 77c. per bushel

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, $1.00; Jumbos, 90c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Report: 1 by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Jan. 21.—Spanish: Farmers' stock—Market, steady.

First quality, $1.05 per bu.; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' stock — Market, quiet.

Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per

STOCKS SOME STRONGER

Irregular But Cautious and Tentative Recoveries Made From Recent Weakness—Moderate Trading.

New York, Jan. 21.—Stocks made irregular recoveries today from their weakness of the previous session, but the movement was cautious and tentative at best. Dealings were moderate, with frequent lapses into extreme dullness, but prices were well maintained until the final hour, when leading shares forfeited a considerable part of the gains. Much of today's buying originated with the short interest, which probably felt impelled to cover because onf the firmness of sabres.

Interest continued to center around U. S. Steel, by reason of the approach of the quarterly meeting. Steel's course indicated doubt of any dividend action, but conservative opinion leans toward a partial restoration of disbursements on the common shares. Steel was heavy at the outset, but advanced a total of 1 1-4 points to 84 5-8 falling back to 83 3-4 in the final hour and closing at 84 1-8 a net gain of 3-4.

Bethlehem Steel was inactive, opening at 470, a loss of 9 points, but closing at 484, a net gain of five. Other war stocks were strong for a time, material gains being made by Crucible Steel, General Electric, Westinghouse, New York Air Brake and Baldwin Locomotive, and the Motor group as a whole strengthened to a marked degree.

Metal stocks responded to what was called a "runaway market" in the metal trade, with gains of 1 to almost 3 points. Oils, especially Texas Company and Mexican petroleum, made up much of yesterday's reversal, and Mercantile Marine, preferred, and Fertilizers were in moderate request at higher levels.

Manipulative tactics were again resorted to in several of the high priced specialties, notably United States Industrial Alcohol, which made an extreme advance of 20 1-8 to 169, a new record, much of the gain being made in the final dealings. International Nickel, American Coal Products and Cuban American Sugar, the latter, also at a new high record on its rise of 8 1-2 to 187 1-2 comprised the other spectacular features. Rails made comparatively little headway, but showed underlying firmness. Total sales of stocks amounted to 570,000 shares.

Baltimore and Ohio was again first of the leading roads to submit December earnings, the statement disclosing a net gain of $805,000. Bank clearings fell off slightly, but local institutions are likely to make a considerable cash gain on the week.

Bonds were firm, but without special features. Total sales, par value, were $3,825,000.

U. S. Bonds were unchanged on call.

New York Stock List.

Allis Chalmers	27½
American Beet Sugar	66¾
American Can	62¾
American Car & Foundry	89
American Cotton Oil	55¾
American Locomotive	64¼
American Smelting	103⅞
American Sugar	114
American Tel. & Tel.	127¾
American Tobacco	262½
Anaconda Copper, ex div.	87¾
Atchison	106⅝
Atlantic Coast Line	113
Baldwin Locomotive	109⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	94½
Bethlehem Steel	484
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	86⅝
Canadian Pacific	175⅛
Central Leather	54
Chesapeake & Ohio	63⅝
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry.	18
Consolidated Gas	142¼
Consolidated Gas	142¼
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	100
Crucible Steel	67
Erie	39⅛
General Electric	174½
Great Northern pfd	123½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs.	47⅝
Illinois Central	107
Interborough Consol. Corp.	19¾
Kansas City Southern	28⅝
Lehigh Valley	78⅝
Louisville & Nashville	126½
Liggett & Meyers.	225
Lorillard Co.	179¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd	15
Missouri Pacific	5½
Mexican Petroleum	111¼
National Lead	72⅝
New York Central	110
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	74
Norfolk & Western	119⅛
Northern Pacific	114⅞
Pennsylvania	58½
Reading	81½
Republic Iron & Steel	51½
Seaboard Air Line	17¼
Seaboard Air Line pfd	39½
Sloss Shef. Steel & Iron	58
Studebaker Corporation	153⅞
Southern Pacific	101¼
Southern Railway	22⅝
Southern Railway pfd	63
Tennessee Copper	59¾
Texas Company	209
Texas & Pacific	8
Union Pacific	136⅞
United States Rubber	55
United States Steel	84⅛
United States Steel pfd	117¾
Utah Copper	79½
Virginia Caro. Chem.	48⅞
Va., Iron, Coal & Coke	56
Wabash pfd. "B" Ctfs.	30½
Western Union	90¾
Westinghouse Electric	67⅜
United Fruit	139¾

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Hogs, easy; bulk 7.00 to 7.40; light 6.80 to 7.30; mixed 6.95 to 7.50; heavy 6.95 to 7.50; rough 6.95 to 7.10; pigs 5.50 tot 5.60.

Cattle—Weak; native beef steers 6.35 to 9.75; cows and heifers 3.20 to 8.25; calves 7.75 to 11.00.

Sheep—Firm; wethers 7.60 to 8.35; ewes 5.50 to 8.15; lambs 8.60 to 11.15.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 21.—Cotton goods market was strong today with a rising tendency. Yarns were firm on high levels, in some instances about as high as any quoted in the past nine years. Silks were active with labor scarcity in mill centers preventing deliveries.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 21.—Mercantile paper 3 to 3½; sterling 60-day bills 4.71½; demand 4.76½; cables 4.76⅝. Bar silver 56⅛. Mexican dollars 44. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm. Time loans firm; high 2; low 1¾; ruling rate 1¾; last loan 2; closing bid 1¾; offered at 2.

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

January 22, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours enging at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 57 degrees; at 8 P. M., 61 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum 54 degrees; mean, 63 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .60 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .68 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7.3 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Local rains Saturday, except fair near the cost. Sunday fair, colder west portion.

The Port Calendar, January 22, 1916.

Sun rises	7:15 A. M.
Sun sets	5:33 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 18 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A. M.	P. M.	Low water. A. M.	P. M.
Wilmington	11:11	11:27	6:22	6:54
Southport	9:04	9:16	3:00	3:33
Masonboro Inlet	8:53	9:05	2:40	3:13

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

January 21, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	64	46	.0
Asheville	rain	62	52	.0
Atlanta	cldy	62	44	.0
Augusta	cldy	70	54	.08
Baltimore	cldy	58	..	.0
Birm'ham	pt cldy	70	52	.0
Boston	clear	52	40	.0
Charleston	clear	64	54	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	62	48	.10
Galveston	cldy	68	62	.10
Jaxville	pt cldy	74	62	.01
Memphis	rain	60	54	1.74
Mobile	rain	68	56	.02
M'tgomery	pt cldy	74	54	.0
N. Orleans	cldy	78	64	.0
New York	cldy	54	36	.0
Oklahoma	clear	54	40	.54
Palestine	clear	62	58	1.94
Pittsburg	cldy	66	46	.0
Raleigh	cldy	70	48	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	74	56	.18
Shreveport	cldy	58	56	1.72
St. Louis	cldy	58	46	.02
Washington	cldy	68	38	.0

HESTER'S WEEKLY STATEMENT.

Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks. In thousands bales.

In sight for week, 283.

In sight same seven days last year, 556.

In sight for the month, 913.

In sight same date last year, 1,628.

In sight for season, 8,399.

In sight same date last year, 9,607.

Port receipts for season, 4,662.

Port receipts same date last year, 6,059.

Overland to mills and Canada for season, 697.

Overland same date last year, 605.

Southern mill takings for season, 2,194.

Southern mill takings same date last year, 1,809.

Interior stocks in excess of August 1st, 846.

Interior stocks last year, 1,133.

Foreign exports for week, 85.

Foreign exports same seven days last year, 256.

Foreign exports for season, 2,631.

Foreign exports same date last year, 3,305.

Northern spinners' takings and Canada for week, 77.

Northern spinners' takings same seven days last year, 107.

Northern spinners' takings for season, 1,614.

Northern spinners' takings to same date last year, 1,624.

Statement of World's Visible Supply.

Total visible this week, 5,951.

Total visible last week, 5,982.

Total visible same date last year, 6,557.

Of this the total American this week, 4,475.

Total American last week, 4,530.

Total American last year, 5,222.

All other kinds this week, 1,475.

All other kinds last week, 1,452.

All other kinds last year, 1,335.

Visible in the United States this week, 3,051.

Visible in the United States this date last year, 3,166.

Visible in other countries this week, 2,900.

Visible in other countries this date last year, 3,391.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Brisk European Demand and Cold Wave Force Prices of Wheat Up.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Brisk European demand coincident with predictions that a severe cold wave would sweep over the winter crop belt forced the wheat market to the highest prices yet this season today. The close was strong 2⅝@3 to 3⅛ cents, with May at 1.32¼ to 1.32⅜, and July 1.25⅝. Corn gained ⅝@⅞ to 1 cent and oats ⅝ to ⅝. In provisions the outcome varied from unchanged figures to a rise of 52½ cents.

Grain and provisions:

Wheat	May 1.32¼	July	1.25⅝
Corn	May .79	July	.79¼
Oats	May .53¼	July	.49
Pork	Jan. 20.00	May	20.50
Lard	May 10.75	July	10.95
Ribs	May 11.07	July	11.25

Cash grain: Wheat—No. 2 red 1.32; No. 3 red 1.27½ to 1.29½; No. 2 hard 1.26¾ to 1.28¾; No. 3 hard 1.25¼ to 1.26½. Corn—No. 2 yellow 73½; No. 4 yellow 72 to 74½; No. 4 white 72 to 74.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 21.—Spot cotton barely steady; good middling 8.44; middling 8.09; low middling 7.71. Sales 6,000; for speculation and export, 1,000; receipts 2,000.

Futures were very steady: January 7.95½; January and February 7.95½; February and March 7.92½; March and April 7.89½; April and May 7.85½; May and June 7.81½; June and July 7.77½; July and August 7.74; August and September 7.62½; September and October 7.43½; October and November 7.37; November and December 7.30½; December and January 7.26½; January and February 7.22½.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Jan. 21.—Raw sugar firm; centrifugal 4.77; molasses 4.00; refined firm.

Coffee—Spot easy; Rio 7s, 7⅞; Santos 4s, 9⅛.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Firmer.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW

Transportation Facilities Inadequate to Meet Demands—Merchants Placing Heavy Orders.

New York, Jan. 21.—Dun's tomorrow will say:

"Requirements are so extensive that productive and transportation facilities continue inadequate to meet cvurrent demands. Congestion of freight still prevails at the Seaboard and, though railroads have made additions to rolling stock, domestic deliveries are increasingly difficult. This condition tends to further enhance the cost of commodities, while industrial expansion is checked at several points through inability to obtain raw materials. Except in isolated cases, there is no evidence that high prices are as yet lessening consumption and it is significant that the prevailing disposition is still to contract ahead.

"Many traveling salesmen are sending in larger orders than usual and in some sections, notably in the southwest, forward business is developing with exceptional rapidity. This not only indicates depleted merchandise stocks in distributing channels, but also affords convincing proof of general confidence in th efuture. All signs point to a very active spring trade. Larger exports by the people are reflected in steadily improving mercantile collections and the number of failures diminishes, the commercial mortality being much lighter than a year ago. Without exception, important statistical records make highly gratifying comparisons with those of earlier periods.

"Weekly bank clearings $3,967,966,334."

BRAY BROTHERS

STOCKS & BONDS

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

Three Shares 7 per cent PREFERRED STOCK in OCONEE COTTON MILLS COMPANY, of WESTMINSTER, S. C., at an attractive figure. Price quoted on request.

BID WANTED

We want a bid on TEN SHARES STOCK IN CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, of RALEIGH, N. C. BID QUICK. The longest pole gets the persimmon.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES

—VIA—

Southern Railway

Premier Carrier of the South.

$26.75—Goldsboro, N. C., to New Orleans, La., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 26th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted on either going or return trip, or both.

$23.35—Goldsboro, N. C., to Mobile, Ala., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$23.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Pensacola, Fla., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$22.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Tampa, Fla., and return, account Gasparilla Carnival, Feb. 6th-13th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 3rd to 5th, inclusive, final limit Feb. 21st. Stop-overs permitted.

Low round trip fares from all other points, on same basis.

For further information, Pullman reservations, etc., call on any Southern Railway Agent, or O. F. York, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

ja19-tf

Atlantic Coast Line

The Standard Railroad of the South!

BULLETIN OF EXCURSION FARES IN EFFECT FROM WILMINGTON:

TAMPA, FLA $22.30
(Account Gasparilla Carnival.)

Tickets on sale Feb. 3 to 8, inclusive, limited returning Feb. 21, but may be extended to March 8 by depositing ticket and paying $1.00.

NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75
MOBILE, ALA $23.35
PENSACOLA, FLA $23.35
(Account Mardi Gras Celebration.)

Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, limited returning March 17, but may be extended to April 3 by depositing ticket and paying $1.00.

For schedules, reservations and any further information,

'PHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,

The Standard Railroad of the South.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

TAMPA, FLA $22.30

On sale February 3rd to 8th, Inc., limited returning Midnight, February 21st. Limit extended to March 8th by payment $1.00. Tickets good for Stop-Over.

NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75

On sale February 28th to March 6th. Limited returning Midnight, March 17th Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop-over

MOBILE, ALA $23.35

On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

PENSACOLA, FLA. $23.35

On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

For further information, call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Weekly Sailings Between

BALTIMORE, WILMINGTON, GEORGETOWN and CHARLESTON, S. C.

Sailings form Baltimore every Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Lowest through rates to and from Interior, Eastern and Western points furnished upon application.

Through bills lading issued.

J. LAMBLE DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street
'Phone 482.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 41. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 98. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington Parlor car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	No. 42. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 34. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 32. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 38. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 82. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 83. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 43. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 168.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
E. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrights ville	Leave... Front and for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrights-ville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	ae1:10 P. M.	a2:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	af1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a3:36 P. M.	a3:25 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P.M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	e6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	f7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:58 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P.M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS RUNNING EVERY DAY TO ATLANTA.

Lv. Wilmington .. ..3:45 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta .. ..6:10 A.M.

Connects in Union Depot with the "Dixie Flyer," leaving 8:15 A. M. for Chicago and St. Louis, via Chattanooga and Nashville, and with the "Southland" leaving 7:18 A. M., for Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Louisville and Indianapolis, via Knoxville.

TO WASHINGTON AND NORFOLK:

Lv. Wilmington .. ..6:45 P. M.
Ar. Norfolk.. .. ..7:35 A. M.
Ar. Washington .. ..7:50 A. M.
Ar. New York .. ..1:40 P. M.

Broiler-Buffet service to Washington. Dining Cars thence to New York.

PARLOR CARS
Wilmington to Norfolk.

Lv. Wilmington .. ..7:40 A. M.
Ar. Norfolk .. ..5:10 P. M.

'PHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,

The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTA, GA.,
—Via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington .. ..4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .. ..7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

33-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Jan. 14th
Steamship Chippewa, Friday, Jan. 21th

**W

AFFAIRS AT SOLDIERS HOME AGAIN ADJUSTED

Inmate Given Furlough; No Change in Management

"Row Everlasting" Seems to Be at an End at Last—Ahoskie to Have a Hearing on Lighting Rates —Charters.

(Special Star Corresondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 21.—Returning to his home in Salisbury this morning, Col. A. H. Boyden, chairman of the board of trustees of the North Carolina Soldiers' Home, left the affairs of the home thoroughly adjusted to the point where the present management continues and Comrade C. W. Small, who has been responsible for so much of the recent furore, is given a 90 days' furlough with the understanding that he can return thereafter and enjoy the benefits of the home or he can go on the pension list instead.

The directors have made a very thorough investigation of the conditions at the home and believe they have reached a basis of adjustment that will put an end to the rough sailing the institution has recently experienced. It was generally agreed that numbers of the veterans are aged, enfeebled, and consequently childish and hard to please, and the determination of the management is to maintain conditions that will meet the approval of the public generally.

The complaints by the State Board of Internal Improvements, through Chairman Alexander Webb, as to the finances of the home were gone into, the crux of the whole matter being that the auditors found that Superintendent Lineberry had paid more for specified supplies on specific dates than the newspaper market quotations justified. The directors seemed to attach no special importance to this as the newspaper quotations probably did not reflect the Raleigh market and Superintendent Lineberry insisted that he procured the supplies at lowest available prices.

State Auditor W. P. Wood, who is in closest touch with the daily management of the Home, expresses himself as well pleased with adjustments that have been made and believes that the whole matter has been thoroughly and permanently adjusted.

Hearing on Light Rates.

On February 1 the Corporation Commission will give a special hearing in the matter of the electric light rates for the town of Ahoskie, where serious differences have arisen between the Ahoskie Light and Power Company and the town authorities. Specified rates for street lights and for business houses and residences were applied three months ago on a basis that there would be at least 75 residences taking the lights. It developed that only 18 actually installed the service. The company claims to have operated at a loss of $214 for the three months, and insists that higher rates must apply.

A charter was issued today for the Ideal Table Company, of High Point, capital $50,000 authorized and $7,500 subscribed by V. A. J. Idol, V. W. Idol, W. J. McAnally and others for a general furniture and manufacturing business.

Another charter is for the McGehee Drug Co., of Raleigh, capital $10,000 authorized and $2,500 subscribed for a general drug business, the incorporators being George F. McGehee, C. W. Bradshaw and others, the business to be conducted at 530 Hillsboro street.

Another charter is for the North Carolina Steel & Iron Company, of Salisbury, capital $50,000 authorized and $3,800 subscribed, the incorporators being E. H. Thompson, Roy P. Thompson and others.

Mrs. Warren to Die March 3.

Governor Craig has fixed Friday, March 3, as the date for the electrocution of Mrs. Ida Bell Warren and Samuel Preston Christy, who are to pay the death penalty for the murder of G. J. Warren in Winston-Salem, their victim having been the husband of the Warren woman. The murder was committed on July 18 and was one of the most sensational that has occurred in this State in a great while.

MEDALS ARE AWARDED.

For Meritorious Service by National Institute of Social Science.

New York, Jan. 21.—Gold medals for meritorious service to humanity during the past year were awarded at the annual meeting here today of the National Institute of Social Science to Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins, who built the Serbian home of refuge, and to Robert Bacon, former ambassador to France, for his efforts to better humanity.

Bronz medals went to Dr. Henry M. Leipziger, superintendent of public school lectures in this city; Adolph Lewisohn, who presented the stadium to the college of the city of New York; John Seely Ward, for his general charities; Peter Cooper Hewitt, for his inventions; Samuel Mather, of Cleveland, for a hospital which he built in that city, and to Mme. Marcella Sembrich, for aid that she gave after the San Francisco earthquake and fire.

Former President William H. Taft was elected honorary president of the institute and Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, active president.

POTATOES SCARCE IN NORTH

Southern Growers Need Not Fear Heavy Competition Next Spring.

Washington, Jan. 21. — Unusually small stocks of potatoes remained in the hands of growers January 1. Figures made public tonight by the Agricultural Department show stocks in 19 northern states which produced 66 per cent of the crop were 105,345,000 bushels, 38 per cent smaller than last year, and 15 per cent. smaller than two years ago.

"A year ago," said a department statement, "stocks were unusually large and Southern growers who compete in the spring months with stock carried over in northern states were warned to expect lower prices than prevailed last spring. The figures indicate that Southern growers need not fear a burdensome competition with northern stocks this spring.

JEWISH RELIEF DAY

Proclaimed by Governor Craig—January 27 is Date.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 21.—A proclamation by Governor Craig designates January 27 as Jewish Relief Day in North Carolina for donations for the relief of nine million Jews in Europe suffering cruelties of war.

BODIES OF FIVE DEAD NEGROES TAKEN DOWN

(Continued From Page One).

other prisoners in the jail was harmed. Citizens of this county claim the mob came from Lee county.

Both this and Lee county were reported quiet tonight, with no outward indications of more trouble.

Forty or fifty men were in the mob. Sheriff L. A. Potts and his jailer at Sylvester were awakened at 10 o'clock last night by four or five men who announced that they had captured a negro and wanted to place him in jail. They were admitted bearing a negro bound with ropes. Suspecting nothing the officers watched the men as the men loosened the bonds.

Suddenly, however, the visitors seized the officers and demanded the keys to the cells. At the same moment several automobiles were driven in front of the jail. The negroes were rushed from the jail bundled into the machines and started north at a rapid pace. The officers attempted to use the telephone to head off the party but all lines had been cut.

The five bodies were found early today near Starkville, hanging to one limb of a tree within full view from the road. They had been strung up and then became targets for the men who had taken them from jail.

FEAR NIGHT RIDERS MAY ADOPT ACTS OF REPRISAL.

Uneasiness Among Citizens of Southeast Missouri Increases.

New Madrid, Mo., Jan. 21.—Evidence adduced today at the trial of alleged night riders here that many members of the secret organization still are at large in southeast Missouri, added to the uneasiness of the population hereabouts concerning possible acts of reprisal against the different communities which have been active in breaking up the gangs.

A plan was being discussed tonight to have the "home guards" of Gideon, Clarkton and other Missouri towns cooperate with citizen committees in patrolling the towns at nights in anticipation of possible deeds of violence by the night riders. The "home guards" are military companies organized for the purpose of defending the public against night riders.

Forty-seven of the alleged night riders remain to be tried. Two were found guilty today and a third confessed his complicity in various activities of the organization. All were sentenced to the penitentiary for two and three year terms. They were Dick Gamble, John Elder and John Osborn.

GOVERNMENT RESTS CASE IN EASTLAND DISASTER TRIAL

Former Chief Engineer of Steamer Denies Boat Was Faulty.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 21.—The government today rested its case against the six men indicted in connectio nwith the steamer Eastland disaster in Chicago last July. An attempt by the defense to establish its contention that the accident was caused by the vessel settling on the river bed or striking submerged piles and was not due to faulty construction was unsuccessful, when the court ruled out as incompentent testimony, Jas. W. Pearl, a Chicago civil engineer who took soundings of the river.

Grant Donaldson, chief engineer of the Eastland from May, 1909, to July 25,1914, on cross-examination, said the Eastland's capacity was 2,200 during the time he was employed on it.

"Didn't the boat come to Cleveland with a bad reputation?" asked government attorneys.

"No," was the emphatic reply o fthe witness. Donaldson was equally emphatic in denying that the Eastland had a general reputation as an unstable boat during its years in Cleveland.

WOULD TEST ATTITUDE OF SENATE TOWARDS THE NEGRO

Negro Bishop Requests President to Appoint Some Negro to Office.

Washington, Jan. 21.—President Wilson today received an open letter from Bishop Alexander Walters, of the African Methodist Episcopal church, president of the negro Democratic league, requesting him to appoint a negro to a prominent position in the Federal service to test the attitude of the Senate toward negro office-holders.

Bishop Walters asked the President last week to nominate a negro as register of deeds for the District of Columbia an diater said that the President had informed him he was reluctant to grant the request because racial feeling would be stirred up in the Senate.

In his letter to the President, Bishop Walters quoted from a letter received by him from Mr. Wilson in 1912 in which, speaking of the negroes, he said, "my sympathies with them is of long standing," and that "it was his earnest desire to see justice done them in every matter."

EXPRESS COMPANY DIDN'T DELIVER COFFIN IN TIME

Appeal Taken from Damage Suit Won by John Byers for Mental Anguish.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Attorneys for the Southern Express Company filed a brief in the Supreme Court today appealing from the judgment of the North Carolina state courts in awarding John Byers, of Hickory Grove, $250 damages for mental anguish arising from the failure of the company to deliver on time a coffin in which to bury his wife.

The coffin was shipped in interstate commerce and attorneys contend that the interstate commerce laws don't provide recovery for mental anguish, not connected with physical injury. They also contend that Congress has not occupied the field of interstate commerce legislation, and that state legislation regarding recoveries for mental anguish suffered is no longer applicable to interstate shipments.

INSURANCE COMPANIES SEEK PART LUSITANIA INDEMNITY

State Department Face Question Said to Be Without a Precedent.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Notice that several life insurance companies will claim a part of any indemnity Germany may pay on account of the loss of life on the Lusitania, has raised a question for which State Department officials say there is no precedent. Heirs of many of the Lusitania victims already have presented claims.

Final decision as to whether insurance company claims on account of policies paid out shall take precedence will rest with Secretary Lansing.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 21.—It was announced here today that $15,000 required to purchase Jack Dunn's interest in the Richmond franchise of the International League had been subscribed and the deal closed to keep the franchise form going to Baltimore.

CONSULS ARRESTED BY ALLIES WILL BE FREED

Teutonic Officials Must Return to Home Countries

Release of Consuls Held Aboard French Warship at Saloniki Was Secured Through Good Offices of United States.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Through the good offices of the United States, the German, Austrian, Turkish and Bulgarian consuls at Saloniki, who have been held under arrest by the Allies on board a French warship in the harbor, are to be released. The consuls were arrested soon after the military occupation of Saloniki on the charge that they were communicating military information to the Bulgarians. The condition of release will be that the consuls must return to their home countries.

'Charge Einstein, head of the American legation at Sofia, has been instructed to surrender, if Bulgaria insists upon it, the British vice-consul there who took refuge in his quarters when Bulgaria ordered the arrest of enemy consular officers in retaliation for the seizure of the consuls at Saloniki.

After due consideration the State Department held that unless it could be shown that the vice consul's life was involved in the surrender he could not be given asylum. Nothing further has been heard from the case since this decision was communicated to the authorities in Sofia, and it is thought probably that the Bulgarian government chose to refrain from exericising its right, pending the outcome of the State Department's efforts to secure release of the Bulgarian consul at Saloniki, which has now been successful.

WILSON MAY VISIT WILMINGTON SOON

(Continued From Page One.)

trict which I represent has thousands of acres of land that needs cultivating and I would welcome a desirable class of immigrant, but rather than have the anarchists and all the criminal herds of southern Italy, I think it would be better for our people to let the lands remain untouched."

E. C. Duncan, of Raleigh, National committeeman, spent a few hours here today. He came to Washington on the same train with Judge Gudger, of Panama, formerly of Asheville.

Wilmington Boy Honored

Senator Simmons has made the following appointments to fill the vacancy occuring next June, caused by the graduation of Carlyle Craig, at the Naval Academy: John Gerald Mercer, principal, Wilmington; Daniel Britton Mizell, first alternate, Windsor; Ryland W. Olive, Greensboro, second alternate; Ray Turner, Hamlet, third alternate.

PROBABLY VISIT RALEIGH.

Will Keep Invitation in Mind if He Makes Trip Through South.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 21.—A telegram from United States Senator Simmons to President John A. Park, of the Raleigh chamber of commerce, this afternoon, was to the effect that President Wilson will in all probability include Raleigh in any itinerary for a Southern trip for speeches in his campaign for preparedness, which will most probably be in February. Secretary Tumulty wrote that the President appreciates the invitation to Raleigh and will be glad to keep the wishes of the Raleigh people in mind in connection with any itinerary that may be made for a Southern trip.

ALLEGED CONFESSIONS NOT EVIDENCE AGAINST MRS. MOHR

Judge Adheres to Previous Ruling—More Witnesses Called to Stand

Providence, R. I., Jan. 21.—Another unsuccessful effort was made by the prosecution today in the trial of Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr and two negroes for the murder of her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, to have the alleged confessions of the negroes admitted as evidence against the women. The court previously had ruled out this evidence as affecting Mrs. Mohr, but Attorney General Rice moved today that in view of the testimony of George W. Healis, Dr. Mohr's chauffeur, which, he said, "showed a conspiracy," all the evidence which had been admitted only as concerning Cecil Brown and Henry H. Spellman, the negro defendants, be now considered by the jury against the widow as well.

Judge Stearns replied that he was not inclined to change his previous ruling. The attorney general said that he would renew his motion on Monday.

At the hour of adjournment, Miss Gertrude Stevenson, of Boston, a newspaper writer, was on the stand. She testified that she interviewed the three negroes—Brown, Spellman and Healis—in jail, and that Brown wrote something on a slip of paper which he said "was to be his alibi." Miss Stevenson said he asked her to give the paper to his sister and also requested that the witness get Mrs. Mohr to send him an attorney.

"Brown told me to tell Mrs. Mohr not to say anything about the motorcycle," the witness said, adding that he would say his wife saved up money nough to buy it. Healis told me also to tell Mrs. Mohr that "if she'll stick to us, we'll stick to her."

A number of domestic servants formerly employed by Dr. and Mrs. Mohr wert put on the stand to testify regarding the attitude of Mrs. Mohr towards her husband before and after their separation. Two of the servants declared that on Christmas morning, 1913, they heard Dr. Mohr say that he "wanted to make up with Mrs. Mohr," but that the latter refused.

WHITE SLAVER ARRESTED

Believed by Police to be G. W. Tidewell, of Greenville, S. C.

Gulfport, Miss., Jan. 21.—A man who gave his name as G. W. Atwell, but the police say is G. W. Tidewell, of Greenville, S. C., under sentence there to serve seven years for manslaughter, was arrested here today on a white slave charge. He is being held for the Federal authorities at Pensacola, Florida.

Greenville, S. C., Jan. 21.—G. W. Tidewell, Sr., also known as G. W. Atwell, was convicted here about two years ago for killing R. Emmett Walker, a prominent young man of this place. After his trial he was admitted to bail in the sum of $5,000 and later disappeared.

TO REDUCE COST TO BARGES

Representative Small Introduces Bill That Relieves Barges of High Pilotage Fees.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—Representative Small, of North Carolina, today introduced a bill in the House which, if passed, will greatly aid shipping in the waters adjacent to Beaufort and Morehead City and other coast cities in the Southern states. The bill would relieve barges, convoyed by tugs, from the necessity of paying a high pilotage fee.

The pilots have demanded a fee of something like $45 for each and every barge that enters the ports of North Carolina. These barges, of course, are towed into port by a tug which is in command of a pilot with United States license. Frequently the tug brings three barges at one time and only on rare occasions is a pilot placed on these vessels. Yet the pilots' association compels the owners to pay the money.

Their claim is based on an old law which compelled such vessels to have a licensed pilot. Mr. Small's bill would relieve barges of this unjust burden, and at the same time encourage the vessels of this class to trade in Southern ports. P. R. A.

STATE PILOTS AIMED AT.

Says Shippers Are Robbed of Advantages of Inland Barge Traffic.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Practices of state pilots in South Atlantic ports, in which "the pilots hail a barge and then send in a bill to the owners," are aimed at in a bill introduced today by Representative Small, of North Carolina, to exempt from compulsory pilotage barges in the coastwise seagoing and inland traffic while in tow of steam vessels navigated by government pilots.

One obstacle to the enjoyment by shippers and consumers of all the advantages of an inland barge traffic between the Atlantic coast ports north of Cape Hatteras and Cape Lookout and the Atlantic coast ports south of those capes, said Mr. Small today, is compulsory state pilotage in ports south of Virginia, whereby the inland waterways, which Congress designed to be free, are constantly converted into toll waterways for the benefit of pilots in those states.

UNPRECEDENTED DEMAND FOR COPPER FORCES PRICES HIGH

Metal Stands at Highest Figure Since 1907—Demand World-Wide.

New York, Jan. 21.—An unprecedented demand for copper metal brought an advance today in the quotation to 24 3-4 to 25 1-4 cents for delivery in the second quarter of the year. A price of 27 cents a pound was reported to have been offered for March delivery and rumors were current that 30 cents was bid for delivery in February, which, however, could not be confirmed. Not since March, 1907, when the metal stood at 25 1-2 cents a pound for a short period has copper been so high.

French and Russian interests have placed enormous orders in this market running into the first six months of the year. Domestic manufacturers, especially those engaged in the making of arms and munitions in which copper forms a component part, also are clamoring for the metal and rivaling the foreigners in their bids.

The market has been bare of available supplies for almost three months. Producers are booker to the extent of their output well into the last half of the year and it is freely predicted that the demand will increase rather than diminish.

Several agents of companies producing the finer grade of copper have virtually withdrawn from the market and are not quoting prices at all.

The inquiry for copper is almost world-wide, including Japan and other countries in the Orient. It has been reported at various times that the German government and private interests in Germany have been among the heavlest buyers. Despite the blockade by the Entente Allies it is believed that a very large amound of metal has been exported from this country into the Teutonic countries.

E-2 Ready For Action

This is submarine E-2 on which there was a mysterious explosion while she was resting comfortably on a dry dock in the Brooklyn navy yard. The photograph shows how the vessel looks when prepared for action.

FIRST FORMAL RECEPTION

Mrs. Wilson Receives Count Bernstorff and Others at White House.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, today gave her first informal reception since becoming mistress of the White House. Her callers included Count von Bernstorff the German ambassador, Dr. David Jayne Hill and many other prominent figures in Washington.

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

LOST—AT BIJOU THEATRE, OR BETWEEN theatre and 914 North Fourth street, cameo lavallier, with pearl pendant. Reward. Smith's Drug Store or Star office. ja 22-1t

BREAD PAN FREE—WITH EACH order for $1.00 or more, we will give free a 13-inch square bread pan, worth 25 cents. Phone your grocery order to 853. C. H. Bornemann. ja 22-1t*

MULTIGRAPH FAC SIMILE TYPE-written letters, just like typewriting. Finest advertising in the world. Goes right to the spot. Harriss' Typewriting and Adv. Co. Direct mail advertising. ja19-w,f,sa,m-tf

NEW WAY MARKET—BARGAINS, 5 dozen fresh eggs, $1.00; 300 boxes sweet oranges, 19 cents dozen; extra nice sliced bacon, 25 cents; 300 dressed chickens, geese; 200 extra fat turkeys; Berkshire sausage, 20 cents today only; green beans, cauliflower, Whitloof, something extra nice; lettuce, Savoy cabbage, celery, oysters, fish roe. Quick service. Low prices. Phones 816 and 817. W. H. McEachern. ja 22-1t

LISTEN—LET US SELL YOUR LAND for you. Southern Auction & Development Co., Ayden, N. C. ja 22-6t*

ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING Isah Graham, a colored man who has been employed on the steamer John W. Fredericks, will be appreciated. Last seen January 18th. Phone 1376-J. J. D. Price. ja 22-1t*

ATTENTION—MEMBERS OF CAPE Fear Council, No. 374, U. C. T.'s are hereby notified that the regular meeting will be held this (Saturday) evening, January 22nd, at 8 o'clock in the Odd Fellows' building, on North Third street, and are urgently requested to be present. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to meet with us. Fraternally, W. C. Smith, Secretary. ja 22-1t

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, POsition as housekeeper. References given. Address "A. B." care Star. ja 22-1t*

FRESH MEATS EVERY DAY—OUR sausages are pure pork; superior to others; try them today. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone your orders, 922. Quick delivery. Also a fancy line of groceries and vegetables. Sellars Meat Market, Ninth and Dock streets. ja 22-1t*

WANTED—TO RENT THREE OR four unfurnished rooms, with convenience for keeping horse. Price must be reasonable. State location and price. Address "Mgr." Box 67, City. ja 22-2t*

FANCY DRESSED CHICKENS AND turkeys today. Spare ribs and backbone, 6 pounds, $1.00 today only. Fancy celery and Big Boston lettuce; nice cauliflower, snap beans and egg plants; country eggs. Our homemade sausage are the best in the city. Batson's Meat Market, 115. ja 22-1t

LOST—FOX TERRIER PUPPY, BLACK head and ears, otherwise white; answers to name of "Spot." Reward for return to R. L. Burton, 519 Nixon street. ja 22-1t

WANTED—TO HIRE TWO GOOD mules for about ten days. If they prove all O. K., would like to purchase one of them. Address "W. Y." care Star. ja 22-1t

LOST—FRIDAY; SMALL NECK PIN; large opal surrounded by small diamonds, on South Third, North Front, Princess, Chestnut, between Front and Third, or in Royal theatre. Return to 306 Orange street, and receive reward. ja 22-1t*

NOTICE—WHOLE HEAD RICE, 10 cents quart; fresh country eggs, all guaranteed, 30 cents dozen; Pimento peppers, 10 cents can; Unicori coffee, 25 cents can; good garden peas, 9 cents, 3 for 25 cents; Fresh Catawba butter, in quarter pound cubes, 38 cents pound, at May Bros., 24 North Front street. Phone 1322. ja 22-tf

FOR SALE — A LITTLE GIANT crusher, mounted on wagon; just the thing for crushing stone and bats for concrete work. Save time and money by getting this. Will rent or sell. Wilmington Iron Works. ja21-7t

FOR RENT — COMFORTABLY FURnished room. Modern conveniences. Close in. 'Phone 773. 216 North Second street. de31-tf

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American Bank & Trust Co.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
The Bank at Front and Market Streets

STATEMENT CONDITION
The Murchison National Bank
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, DEC. 31ST, 1915.

RESOURCES:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts	$5,396,096.70	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds (at par)	810,000.00	Surplus and Net Profits	650,081.54
Bank Building	480,000.00	Circulation	730,200.00
Bonds and Other Securities	293,650.00	Special Deposit Bonds	115,000.00
Liquidation Account Southern Nat. Bank	90,748.30	Rediscounts	789,302.50
Cash and Due by Banks	1,678,236.41	Deposits	5,463,147.37
	$8,747,731.41		$8,747,731.41

H. C. McQUEEN . . . . . President — C. S. GRAINGER . . . . . Cashier
J. V. GRAINGER, . . . Vice-President — M. F. ALLEN, . . . Assistant Cashier
J. W. YATES . . . . . Vice-President — W. S. JOHNSON, . . Assistant Cashier

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Car load Hudson, 6 cyl . . . . . 1,350.00 F. O. B. Detroit
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114 NORTH SECOND ST.

'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

JUST BOUGHT, A BANKRUPT STOCK of solid gold jewelry, such as cameos, brooches, lavallieres, watch bracelets and diamonds. Can save you from forty to fifty per cent. on same at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front street; 'Phone 642. ja11-tf

FLOORING — WE HAVE MARBLE tile floor for building, containing 1,000 square feet floor space, only 7 1-2 cents per square foot. We have also slate, steps, beams, columns, heavy doors, folding doors, steel shutters and ornamental gates, doors and railing. All very cheap. Wilmington Iron Works. ja21-7t

WHITE OAK — I CAN FURNISH SEVeral hundred thousand feet of white and post oak. Sawed as required. Give price you can pay for same. Jno. W. Dowless, Council, N. C. ja21-3t*

LARD, PURE, 12½ CENTS; COMpound, 11 cents; fresh country eggs, 28 cents dozen; prunes, nice, 3 lbs. for 25 cents; dry peaches or apples, 2 lbs., 15 cents; raisins, 10 cents lb.; butter, tub creamery, 30 cents lb.; rice, whole grain, 9 and 12 cents qt.; sweet potatoes, nice, 18 cents peck; cabbage, 2 cents lb.; grits, 28 cents peck; coffee, Arbuckle's, 20 cents lb.; Caraja, 25 cents lb.; White House coffee, 32 cents lb.; milk: Eagle, 15 cents; milk: Jersey, 10 cents; table peaches, 10 cents can; Brookdale table peaches, 15 cents; tomatoes, 10 cents can; flour, 43, 45, 48 and 50 cents, the best; white meat, 10, 11½ and 15½ cents lb. The best pig. Cheapest steady prices in town. A. Renik, corner 5th and Nixon street; 'Phone 827. ja19-7t

FOR RENT — THIRD FLOOR, OVER Woodall and Shepard's. Apply Woodall and Shepard's. ja11-tf

BIG REDUCTION — ON ALL PATterns for winter suitings. G. J. Simon, Tailor, 114 Princess street. je20-4t*

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